

2021 Winter & Spring Festival

William E. Schmidt Opera Theatre

est.



or the Son by Onunce

April 9, 13, 16, 18m, 21, 24m

Cast

GAUDENZIO SOFIA his ward BRUSCHINO father BRUSCHINO son FLORVILLE, Sofia's lover A POLICE SARGENT FILIBERTO, the owner of the inn MARIANNA, a maid

* *Resident Artist* Sarasota Opera Orchestra Stefano de Peppo Hanna Brammer Alexander Boyd Robert Gerold * Christopher Bozeka Louis Riva * Joshua DeVane Laurel Semerdijan

Gioachino Rossini

A Farce in Music in One Act

LIBRETTO BY GIUSEPPE MARIA FOPPA

Based on the French comedy of the same name by d'Alissan de Chazet and E.T.M. Ourry

Sung in Italian

CONDUCTOR Victor DeRenzi

STAGE DIRECTOR Stephanie Sundine

COSTUME DESIGNER Howard Tsvi Kaplan

LIGHTING DESIGNER Ken Yunker

HAIR & MAKE-UP DESIGNER Kellen M. Eason

ASSISTANT CONDUCTORS Geoffrey Loff Lindsay Woodward

SURTITLE SUPPLIER Words for Music

SURTITLE TRANSLATOR Victor DeRenzi

Il signor Bruschino SYNOPSIS & BACKGROUND

Il signor Bruschino Synopsis

his one-act farce by Gioachino Rossini revolves around the love between two young people, Sofia and Florville. Sadly, Sofia has been promised to another. Her guardian, Gaudenzio, has decided she will marry the son of his friend Signor Bruschino. Neither Gaudenzio nor Sofia has ever met the young man. But Florville does not give up—he is determined to marry his beloved. As luck would have it, he hears the news that Bruschino Jr. has been detained by the owner of a local inn, where he has run up a significant debt. Florville cleverly decides to go to Gaudenzio's house and to impersonate the young man in his absence. An out-of-temper Signor Bruschino Sr. shows up

and insists that, despite the young man's protestations, this is *not* his son. The police sergeant is called, but is unable to confirm that Florville is in fact an impostor. To make matters even more complicated, the innkeeper arrives, anxious to receive payment for Bruschino Jr.'s debt. Everyone believes that Signor Bruschino is denying his paternity out of anger. Gaudenzio decides that Sofia and the false Bruschino Jr. (actually, Florville) should be married immediately. As soon as they are joined in marriage, who should walk in, but Bruschino Jr. himself! The ruse is up, but it's too late, Sofia and Florville are already pledged to each other. Gaudenzio accepts the situation. Love wins.

Rossini, The Teatro San Moisè, and the Beginning of it All

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ossini straddled the period between when operas were composed, performed, and forgotten, and the establishment of a standard entrenched repertoire. In many ways his second one-act *L'inganno felice* (1812) is the beginning of this. By far his most popular one-act opera during its time, it still held the public's attention nine years later (an eternity in 19th century operatic terms), when it was Rossini's third most produced opera in all of Italy, after *Il barbiere di Siviglia* and *La cenerentola*. This in a year when out of 373 opera productions in Italy, 150 were by Rossini.

The other two one-act operas for the San Moisè in 1812 (La scala di seta and L'occasione fa il ladro) were

decidedly less successful than *La cambiale di matrimonio* and *L'inganno felice*. His final opera for Teatro San Moisè (*Il signor Bruschino*, 1813) failed completely at the premiere, and yet it is his most widely performed one-act opera today.

Ten days after *Il signor Bruschino* opened at the San Moisè, Rossini's *Tancredi* premiered at La Fenice. Three months later, his *L'italiana in Algeri* premiered at yet another Venetian theater, the Teatro San Benedetto. These last two operas sealed his fate - and his international reputation - a process begun only four years earlier in the Teatro San Moisè with *La cambiale di matrimonio*.

World Premiere: TEATRO SAN MOISÈ, VENICE, ITALY, JANUARY 27, 1813.



