# GA-Z97X-UD3H-BK

User's Manual

Rev. 1001 12ME-Z97U3BK-1001R





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#### **Documentation Classifications**

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

- For quick set-up of the product, read the Quick Installation Guide included with the product.
- For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.

For product-related information, check on our website at: http://www.gigabyte.com

#### Identifying Your Motherboard Revision

The revision number on your motherboard looks like this: "REV: X.X." For example, "REV: 1.0" means the revision of the motherboard is 1.0. Check your motherboard revision before updating motherboard BIOS, drivers, or when looking for technical information.

Example:



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# **Box Contents**

- GA-Z97X-UD3H-BK motherboard
- Motherboard driver disk
- ☑ User's Manual
- Quick Installation Guide
- ☑ Four SATA cables
- ☑ I/O Shield
- ☑ One 2-Way SLI bridge connector

The box contents above are for reference only and the actual items shall depend on the product package you obtain. The box contents are subject to change without notice.

# **Optional Items**

- □ 2-port USB 2.0 bracket (Part No. 12CR1-1UB030-6\*R)
- □ eSATA bracket (Part No. 12CF1-3SATPW-4\*R)
- □ 3.5" Front Panel with 2 USB 3.0/2.0 ports (Part No. 12CR1-FPX582-2\*R)
- COM port cable (Part No. 12CF1-1CM001-3\*R)
- □ HDMI-to-DVI adapter (Part No. 12CT2-HDMI01-1\*R)

# GA-Z97X-UD3H-BK Motherboard Layout





# GA-Z97X-UD3H-BK Motherboard Block Diagram

# Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

## 1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard contains numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the user's manual and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, make sure the chassis is suitable for the motherboard.
- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

# 1-2 Product Specifications

CPU	<ul> <li>Support for Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> i7 processors/Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> i5 processors/ Intel<sup>®</sup> Core<sup>™</sup> i3 processors/Intel<sup>®</sup> Pentium<sup>®</sup> processors/ Intel<sup>®</sup> Celeron<sup>®</sup> processors in the LGA1150 package (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)</li> <li>L3 cache varies with CPU</li> </ul>
Chipset	Intel® Z97 Express Chipset
Memory	<ul> <li>4 x DDR3 DIMM sockets supporting up to 32 GB of system memory         <ul> <li>Due to a Windows 32-bit operating system limitation, when more than 4 GB of physical memory is installed, the actual memory size displayed will be less than the size of the physical memory architecture</li> <li>Dual channel memory architecture</li> <li>Support for DDR3 1600/1333 MHz memory modules</li> <li>Support for non-ECC memory modules</li> <li>Support for Extreme Memory Profile (XMP) memory modules (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Onboard	Integrated Graphics Processor:
Graphics	<ul> <li>1 x D-Sub port, supporting a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60Hz</li> <li>1 x DVI-D port, supporting a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60Hz</li> <li>* The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.</li> <li>1 x HDMI port, supporting a maximum resolution of 4096x2160@24Hz or 2560x1600@60Hz</li> <li>* Support for HDMI 1.4a version.</li> <li>Support for up to 3 displays at the same time</li> <li>Maximum shared memory of 1 GB</li> </ul>
Audio	Realtek <sup>®</sup> ALC1150 codec
	High Definition Audio
	• 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel
	Support for S/PDIF Out
	Intel® GbE LAN chip (10/100/1000 Mbit)
Expansion Slots	<ul> <li>1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x16 (PCIEX16)         <ul> <li>* For optimum performance, if only one PCI Express graphics card is to be installed, be sure to install it in the PCIEX16 slot.</li> </ul> </li> <li>1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x8 (PCIEX8)         <ul> <li>(The PCIEX16 and PCIEX8 slots conform to PCI Express 3.0 standard.)</li> <li>* The PCIEX8 slot shares bandwidth with the PCIEX16 slot. When the PCIEX8 slot is populated, the PCIEX16 slot will operate at up to x8 mode.</li> </ul> </li> <li>1 x PCI Express x16 slot, running at x4 (PCIEX4)         <ul> <li>* The PCIEX4 slot shares bandwidth with all PCI Express x1 slots. All PCI Express x1 slots will become unavailable when a PCIe x4 expansion card is installed.</li> <li>* When installing a x4 or above card in the PCIEX4 slot, make sure to set PCIE Slot Configuration (PCH) in BIOS Setup to x4. (Refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Peripherals," for more information.)</li> <li>3 x PCI Express x1 slots                 (The PCIEX4 and PCI Express x1 slots conform to PCI Express 2.0 standard.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x PCI slot</li> </ul>

Multi-Graphics	
Technology	Support for 3-Way/2-Way AMD CrossFire <sup>™</sup> and 2-Way NVIDIA <sup>®</sup> SLI <sup>™</sup> Technology
Storage Interface	Chipset:
	- 1 x M.2 PCIe connector
	<ul> <li>1 x SATA Express connector</li> </ul>
	- 6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors
	(M.2, SATA Express, and SATA3 4/5 connectors can only be used one at a time.
	The SATA3 4/5 connectors will become unavailable when an M.2 SSD is installed.)
	- Support for RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10
USB	Chipset:
	- 6 x USB 3.0/2.0 ports (4 ports on the back panel, 2 ports available through
	the internal USB header)
	- 8 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports (4 ports on the back panel, 4 ports available through
	the internal USB headers)
Internal	1 x 24-pin ATX main power connector
Connectors	1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x M.2 PCIe connector
	1 x SATA Express connector
	6 x SATA 6Gb/s connectors
	1 x CPU fan header
	<ul> <li>1 x water cooling fan header (CPU_OPT)</li> </ul>
	3 x system fan headers
	1 x front panel header
	1 x front panel audio header
	1 x S/PDIF Out header
	<ul> <li>1 x USB 3.0/2.0 header</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 x USB 2.0/1.1 headers</li> </ul>
	1 x serial port header
	1 x Clear CMOS jumper
	1 x Trusted Platform Module (TPM) header
Back Panel	1 x PS/2 mouse port
Connectors	1 x PS/2 Keyboard port
	1 x D-Sub port
	1 x DVI-D port
	1 x HDMI port
	<ul> <li>4 x USB 3.0/2.0 ports</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>4 x USB 2.0/1.1 ports</li> </ul>
	1 x RJ-45 port
	1 x optical S/PDIF Out connector
	• 5 x audio jacks (Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out, Rear Speaker Out, Line In,
	Line Out, Mic In)

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I/O Controller	ITE <sup>®</sup> I/O Controller Chip
Hardware	System voltage detection
Monitor	CPU/Chipset/System temperature detection
	CPU/CPU OPT/System fan speed detection
	CPU/System overheating warning
	CPU/CPU OPT/System fan fail warning
	CPU/CPU OPT/System fan speed control
	* Whether the fan speed control function is supported will depend on the cooler you install.
BIOS	2 x 64 Mbit flash
	Use of licensed AMI UEFI BIOS
	Support for DualBIOS <sup>™</sup>
	<ul> <li>PnP 1.0a, DMI 2.7, SM BIOS 2.7, ACPI 2.0</li> </ul>
Unique Features	Support for APP Center
	* Available applications in APP Center may differ by motherboard model. Supported
	functions of each application may also differ depending on motherboard
	specifications. - @BIOS
	- EasyTune
	- EZ Setup
	- Fast Boot
	- ON/OFF Charge
	- Smart TimeLock
	- Smart Recovery 2
	- System Information Viewer
	- USB Blocker
	Support for Q-Flash
	Support for Smart Switch
	Support for Xpress Install
Bundled	Norton <sup>®</sup> Internet Security (OEM version)
Software	Intel <sup>®</sup> Rapid Start Technology
	Intel <sup>®</sup> Smart Connect Technology
	Intel <sup>®</sup> Smart Response Technology
	cFosSpeed
Operating System	Support for Windows 8.1/8/7
Form Factor	ATX Form Factor; 30.5cm x 22.5cm

\* GIGABYTE reserves the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

\* Please visit the Support & Downloads\Utility page on GIGABYTE's website to check the supported operating system(s) for the software listed in the "Unique Features" and "Bundled Software" columns.

# 1-3 Installing the CPU and CPU Cooler

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

• Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.

- (Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest CPU support list.)
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU. The CPU cannot be inserted if oriented incorrectly. (Or you may locate the notches on both sides of the CPU and alignment keys on the CPU socket.)
- · Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the CPU.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage of the CPU may occur.
- Set the CPU host frequency in accordance with the CPU specifications. It is not recommended
  that the system bus frequency be set beyond hardware specifications since it does not meet the
  standard requirements for the peripherals. If you wish to set the frequency beyond the standard
  specifications, please do so according to your hardware specifications including the CPU, graphics
  card, memory, hard drive, etc.

### 1-3-1 Installing the CPU

A. Locate the alignment keys on the motherboard CPU socket and the notches on the CPU.



- B. Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU into the motherboard CPU socket.
  - Before installing the CPU, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from
  - the power outlet to prevent damage to the CPU.
  - To protect the socket contacts, do not remove the protective plastic cover unless the CPU is inserted into the CPU socket. Save the cover properly and replace it if the CPU is removed.



Step 1:

Gently press the CPU socket lever handle down and away from the socket with your finger. Then completely lift the CPU socket lever and the metal load plate/plastic cover will be lifted as well.



#### Step 3:

Once the CPU is properly inserted, carefully replace the load plate. When replacing the load plate, make sure the front end of the load plate is under the shoulder screw. Then press the CPU socket lever. The protective plastic cover may pop off from the load plate during the process of engaging the lever. Remove the cover. (Save the cover properly and always replace it when the CPU is not installed.)



#### NOTE:

Hold the CPU socket lever by the handle, not the lever base portion.





Hold the CPU with your thumb and index fingers. Align the CPU pin one marking (triangle) with the pin one corner of the CPU socket (or you may align the CPU notches with the socket alignment keys) and gently insert the CPU into position.



#### Step 4:

Finally, secure the lever under its retention tab to complete the installation of the CPU.

#### 1-3-2 Installing the CPU Cooler

Follow the steps below to correctly install the CPU cooler on the motherboard. (The following procedure uses Intel<sup>®</sup> boxed cooler as the example cooler.)



#### Step 1:

Apply an even and thin layer of thermal grease on the surface of the installed CPU.





Place the cooler atop the CPU, aligning the four push pins through the pin holes on the motherboard. Push down on the push pins diagonally.



#### Step 5:

After the installation, check the back of the motherboard. If the push pin is inserted as the picture above shows, the installation is complete.



Step 2:

Before installing the cooler, note the direction of the arrow sign — on the male push pin. (Turning the push pin along the direction of arrow is to remove the cooler, on the contrary, is to install.)





You should hear a "click" when pushing down each push pin. Check that the Male and Female push pins are joined closely. (Refer to your CPU cooler installation manual for instructions on installing the cooler.)





Finally, attach the power connector of the CPU cooler to the CPU fan header (CPU\_FAN) on the motherboard.



Use extreme care when removing the CPU cooler because the thermal grease/tape between the CPU cooler and CPU may adhere to the CPU. Inadequately removing the CPU cooler may damage the CPU.

## 1-4 Installing the Memory

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.

(Go to GIGABYTE's website for the latest supported memory speeds and memory modules.)

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

#### 1-4-1 Dual Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides four DDR3 memory sockets and supports Dual Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Dual Channel memory mode will double the original memory bandwidth.

The four DDR3 memory sockets are divided into two channels and each channel has two memory sockets as following:

- ▶ Channel A: DDR3\_2, DDR3\_4
- ▶ Channel B: DDR3\_1, DDR3\_3



► Dual Channel Memory Configurations	Table
--------------------------------------	-------

	DDR3_4	DDR3_2	DDR3_3	DDR3_1
Two Modules		DS/SS		DS/SS
	DS/SS		DS/SS	
Four Modules	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS	DS/SS

(SS=Single-Sided, DS=Double-Sided, "- -"=No Memory)

Due to CPU limitations, read the following guidelines before installing the memory in Dual Channel mode.

- 1. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one DDR3 memory module is installed.
- 2. When enabling Dual Channel mode with two or four memory modules, it is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used and installed in the same colored DDR3 sockets. For optimum performance, when enabling Dual Channel mode with two memory modules, we recommend that you install them in the DDR3\_1 and DDR3\_2 sockets.

#### 1-4-2 Installing a Memory

Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. DDR3 and DDR2 DIMMs are not compatible to each other or DDR DIMMs. Be sure to install DDR3 DIMMs on this motherboard.



A DDR3 memory module has a notch, so it can only fit in one direction. Follow the steps below to correctly install your memory modules in the memory sockets.



#### Step 1:

Note the orientation of the memory module. Spread the retaining clips at both ends of the memory socket. Place the memory module on the socket. As indicated in the picture on the left, place your fingers on the top edge of the memory, push down on the memory and insert it vertically into the memory socket.



#### Step 2:

The clips at both ends of the socket will snap into place when the memory module is securely inserted.

# 1-5 Installing an Expansion Card



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install an expansion card:

- Make sure the motherboard supports the expansion card. Carefully read the manual that came with your expansion card.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing an
  expansion card to prevent hardware damage.



Follow the steps below to correctly install your expansion card in the expansion slot.

- 1. Locate an expansion slot that supports your card. Remove the metal slot cover from the chassis back panel.
- 2. Align the card with the slot, and press down on the card until it is fully seated in the slot.
- 3. Make sure the metal contacts on the card are completely inserted into the slot.
- 4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.
- 5. After installing all expansion cards, replace the chassis cover(s).
- 6. Turn on your computer. If necessary, go to BIOS Setup to make any required BIOS changes for your expansion card(s).
- 7. Install the driver provided with the expansion card in your operating system.

Example: Installing and Removing a PCI Express Graphics Card:



• Installing a Graphics Card:

Gently push down on the top edge of the card until it is fully inserted into the PCI Express slot. Make sure the card is securely seated in the slot and does not rock.



Removing the Card:

Gently push back on the lever on the slot and then lift the card straight out from the slot.

Hardware Installation

# 1-6 Setting up AMD CrossFire<sup>™</sup>/NVIDIA<sup>®</sup> SLI<sup>™</sup> Configuration

#### A. System Requirements

- Windows 8.1/8/7 operating system
- A CrossFire/SLI-supported motherboard with two PCI Express x16 slots and correct driver
- CrossFire/SLI-ready graphics cards of identical brand and chip and correct driver (Current GPUs that support 3-Way CrossFire technology include the ATI Radeon<sup>™</sup> HD 3800, HD 4800, HD 5800 series, and AMD Radeon<sup>™</sup> HD 6800, HD 6900, HD 7800, and HD 7900 series. For the latest GPU
- support information, please refer to the AMD website.)
- CrossFire<sup>(Note)</sup>/SLI bridge connectors
- A power supply with sufficient power is recommended (Refer to the manual of your graphics cards for the power requirement)

#### B. Connecting the Graphics Cards

Step 1:

Observe the steps in "1-5 Installing an Expansion Card" and install CrossFire/SLI graphics cards on the PCI Express x16 slots. (To set up a 2-Way configuration, we recommend installing the graphics cards on the PCIEX16 and PCIEX8 slots.)

#### Step 2:

Insert the CrossFire (Note)/SLI bridge connectors in the CrossFire/SLI gold edge connectors on top of the cards.

Step 3:

Plug the display cable into the graphics card on the PCIEX16 slot.

#### C. Configuring the Graphics Card Driver

#### C-1. To Enable CrossFire Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the AMD Catalyst Control Center. Browse to Performance\AMD Cross-FireX<sup>\*\*</sup> and ensure the Enable AMD CrossFireX check box is selected. Select the GPU combination you want to use and click Apply. (Available combination options are dependent on the number of graphics cards.)

#### C-2. To Enable SLI Function

After installing the graphics card driver in the operating system, go to the **NVIDIA Control Panel**. Browse to the **Configure SLI, Surround, Physx** screen and ensure **Maximize 3D performance** is enabled.



(Note) The bridge connector(s) may be needed or not depending on your graphics cards.



Procedure and driver screen for enabling CrossFire/SLI technology may differ by graphics cards and driver version. Refer to the manual that came with your graphics cards for more information about enabling CrossFire/SLI technology.

## 1-7 Back Panel Connectors



#### PS/2 Keyboard and PS/2 Mouse Port

Use the upper port (green) to connect a PS/2 mouse and the lower port (purple) to connect a PS/2 keyboard.

#### D-Sub Port

The D-Sub port supports a 15-pin D-Sub connector and supports a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60Hz (the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used). Connect a monitor that supports D-Sub connection to this port.

#### DVI-D Port (Note)

The DVI-D port conforms to the DVI-D specification and supports a maximum resolution of 1920x1200@60Hz (the actual resolutions supported depend on the monitor being used). Connect a monitor that supports DVI-D connection to this port.

#### O USB 3.0/2.0 Port

The USB 3.0 port supports the USB 3.0 specification and is compatible to the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

#### HDMI Port

The HDMI port is HDCP compliant and supports Dolby True HD and DTS HD Master Audio formats. It also supports up to 192KHz/24bit 8-channel LPCM audio output. You can use this port to connect your HDMI-supported monitor. The maximum supported resolution is 4096x2160@24Hz or 2560x1600@60Hz, but the actual resolutions supported are dependent on the monitor being used.



After installing the HDMI device, make sure to set the default sound playback device to HDMI. (The item name may differ depending on your operating system. The screenshot below is from Windows 8.1.)

	LED 2271wh Intel(R) Display Audio Default Device	
3	Speakers Realtek High Definition Audio Not plugged in	
	Realtek Digital Output Realtek High Definition Audio Ready	
	Realtek Digital Output(Optical) Realtek High Definition Audio Ready	

In Windows 8.1, select Apps>Control Panel>Hardware and Sound>Sound>Playback, set Intel(R) Display Audio to the default playback device.

(Note) The DVI-D port does not support D-Sub connection by adapter.



- When removing the cable connected to a back panel connector, first remove the cable from your device and then remove it from the motherboard.
- When removing the cable, pull it straight out from the connector. Do not rock it side to side to prevent
  an electrical short inside the cable connector.

Hardware Installation

#### Triple-Display Configurations for the Onboard Graphics:

Triple-display configurations are supported after you install motherboard drivers in OS. Only dual-display configurations are supported during the BIOS Setup or POST process.

#### • USB 2.0/1.1 Port

The USB port supports the USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Use this port for USB devices such as a USB keyboard/mouse, USB printer, USB flash drive and etc.

#### RJ-45 LAN Port

The Gigabit Ethernet LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 1 Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.





#### Center/Subwoofer Speaker Out Jack (Orange)

Use this audio jack to connect center/subwoofer speakers in a 5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Rear Speaker Out Jack (Black)

This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Optical S/PDIF Out Connector

This connector provides digital audio out to an external audio system that supports digital optical audio. Before using this feature, ensure that your audio system provides an optical digital audio in connector.

#### Line In Jack (Blue)

The line in jack. Use this audio jack for line in devices such as an optical drive, walkman, etc.

#### • Line Out Jack (Green)

The line out jack. This jack supports audio amplifying function. For better sound quality, it is recommended that you connect your headphone/speaker to this jack (actual effects may vary by the device being used). Use this audio jack for a headphone or 2-channel speaker. This jack can be used to connect front speakers in a 4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration.

#### Mic In Jack (Pink)

The Mic in jack. Microphones must be connected to this jack.



The audio jacks can be reconfigured to perform different functions via the audio software (supported functions may vary based on hardware specification). If you install a Side Speaker, you need to retask other audio jack to be Side Speaker out. Only microphones still MUST be connected to the default Mic in jack. Refer to the instructions on setting up a 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel audio configuration in Chapter 6, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

## 1-8 Internal Connectors



1)	ATX_12V_2X4	10)	F_AUDIO	
2)	ATX	11)	SPDIF_O	
3)	CPU_FAN	12)	F_USB30	
4)	SYS_FAN1/2/3	13)	F_USB1/F_USB2	
5)	CPU_OPT	14)	COMA	
6)	SATA_EXPRESS	15)	TPM	
7)	SATA3 0/1/2/3/4/5	16)	CLR_CMOS	
8)	M.2	17)	BAT	
9)	F_PANEL			



Read the following guidelines before connecting external devices:

- First make sure your devices are compliant with the connectors you wish to connect.
- Before installing the devices, be sure to turn off the devices and your computer. Unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the devices.
- After installing the device and before turning on the computer, make sure the device cable has been securely attached to the connector on the motherboard.

Hardware Installation

#### 1/2) ATX\_12V\_2X4/ATX (2x4 12V Power Connector and 2x12 Main Power Connector)

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can supply enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, first make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power connector possesses a foolproof design. Connect the power supply cable to the power connector in the correct orientation.

The 12V power connector mainly supplies power to the CPU. If the 12V power connector is not connected, the computer will not start.

To meet expansion requirements, it is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (500W or greater). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.





AIX_12V_2X4:				
Pin No.	Definition			
1	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)			
2	GND (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)			
3	GND			
4	GND			
5	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)			
6	+12V (Only for 2x4-pin 12V)			
7	+12V			
8	+12V			

ATV 101/ 0V4-



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	3.3V	13	3.3V
2	3.3V	14	-12V
3	GND	15	GND
4	+5V	16	PS_ON (soft On/Off)
5	GND	17	GND
6	+5V	18	GND
7	GND	19	GND
8	Power Good	20	-5V
9	5VSB (stand by +5V)	21	+5V
10	+12V	22	+5V
11	+12V (Only for 2x12-pin	23	+5V (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
	ATX)		
12	3.3V (Only for 2x12-pin	24	GND (Only for 2x12-pin ATX)
	ATX)		

#### 3/4) CPU\_FAN/SYS\_FAN1/SYS\_FAN2/SYS\_FAN3 (Fan Headers)

All fan headers on this motherboard are 4-pin. Most fan headers possess a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design. For optimum heat dissipation, it is recommended that a system fan be installed inside the chassis.



1 CPU\_FAN



CPU_FAN:				
Pin No.	Definition			
1	GND			
2	+12V			
3	Sense			
4	Speed Control			

SYS\_FAN1/SYS\_FAN2/SYS\_FAN3:

Pin No.	Definition
1	GND
2	+12V / Speed Control
3	Sense
4	VCC

#### 5) CPU\_OPT (Water Cooling CPU Fan Header)

The fan header is 4-pin and possesses a foolproof insertion design. When connecting a fan cable, be sure to connect it in the correct orientation (the black connector wire is the ground wire). The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design.





Pin No.	Definition	
1	GND	
2	+12V / Speed Control	
3	Sense	
4	VCC	



- Be sure to connect fan cables to the fan headers to prevent your CPU and system from overheating. Overheating may result in damage to the CPU or the system may hang.
- These fan headers are not configuration jumper blocks. Do not place a jumper cap on the headers.

#### 6) SATA\_EXPRESS (SATA Express Connector)

The SATA Express connector supports a single SATA Express device.



#### 7) SATA3 0/1/2/3/4/5 (SATA 6Gb/s Connectors)

The SATA connectors conform to SATA 6Gb/s standard and are compatible with SATA 3Gb/s and SATA 1.5Gb/s standard. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device. The Intel® Chipset supports RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10. Refer to Chapter 3, "Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)," for instructions on configuring a RAID array.





A RAID 0 or RAID 1 configuration requires at least two hard drives. If more than two hard drives are to be used, the total number of hard drives must be an even number.

- A RAID 5 configuration requires at least three hard drives. (The total number of hard drives does not have to be an even number.)
- A RAID 10 configuration requires four hard drives.
- To enable hot-plugging for the SATA ports, refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Peripherals\SATA Configuration," for more information.
- M.2, SATA Express, and SATA3 4/5 connectors can only be used one at a time. The SATA3 4/5 connectors will become unavailable when an M.2 SSD is installed.

#### 8) M.2 (M.2 Connector)

You can insert an M.2 SSD into this connector.



Follow the steps below to correctly install an M.2 SSD in the M.2 connector.



#### Step 1:

Use a screw driver to unfasten the screw and nut from the motherboard. Locate the proper mounting hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and then screw the nut first.







Step 3:

Press the M.2 SSD down and then secure it with the screw.







 On the motherboard there are three length adjustment holes for the M.2 SSD. Select the proper hole for the M.2 SSD to be installed and refasten the screw and nut.

M.2, SATA Express, and SATA3 4/5 connectors can only be used one at a time. The SATA3 4/5 connectors will become unavailable when an M.2 SSD is installed.

Hardware Installation

#### 9) F\_PANEL (Front Panel Header)

Connect the power switch, reset switch, speaker, chassis intrusion switch/sensor and system status indicator on the chassis to this header according to the pin assignments below. Note the positive and negative pins before connecting the cables.





• PLED/PWR\_LED (Power LED, Yellow/Purple):

System Status	LED	(
S0	On	i
S3/S4/S5	Off	1

Connects to the power status indicator on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the system is operating. The LED is off when the system is in S3/ S4 sleep state or powered off (S5).

• PW (Power Switch, Red):

Connects to the power switch on the chassis front panel. You may configure the way to turn off your system using the power switch (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," "Power Management," for more information).

• SPEAK (Speaker, Orange):

Connects to the speaker on the chassis front panel. The system reports system startup status by issuing a beep code. One single short beep will be heard if no problem is detected at system startup.

• HD (Hard Drive Activity LED, Blue):

Connects to the hard drive activity LED on the chassis front panel. The LED is on when the hard drive is reading or writing data.

• RES (Reset Switch, Green):

Connects to the reset switch on the chassis front panel. Press the reset switch to restart the computer if the computer freezes and fails to perform a normal restart.

• CI (Chassis Intrusion Header, Gray):

Connects to the chassis intrusion switch/sensor on the chassis that can detect if the chassis cover has been removed. This function requires a chassis with a chassis intrusion switch/sensor.



The front panel design may differ by chassis. A front panel module mainly consists of power switch, reset switch, power LED, hard drive activity LED, speaker and etc. When connecting your chassis front panel module to this header, make sure the wire assignments and the pin assignments are matched correctly.

#### 10) F\_AUDIO (Front Panel Audio Header)

The front panel audio header supports Intel High Definition audio (HD) and AC'97 audio. You may connect your chassis front panel audio module to this header. Make sure the wire assignments of the module connector match the pin assignments of the motherboard header. Incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.



	9		1	_
				1
	•	•		
Ľ	10		2	-1

For HD Front Panel Audio:		For AC'97	Front Panel Audio:
Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	MIC2_L	1	MIC
2	GND	2	GND
3	MIC2_R	3	MIC Power
4	-ACZ_DET	4	NC
5	LINE2_R	5	Line Out (R)
6	GND	6	NC
7	FAUDIO_JD	7	NC
8	No Pin	8	No Pin
9	LINE2_L	9	Line Out (L)
10	GND	10	NC

Fride.

The front panel audio header supports HD audio by default. If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, refer to the instructions on how to activate AC'97 functionality via the audio software in Chapter 6, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."

- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously. If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to Chapter 6, "Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio."
- Some chassis provide a front panel audio module that has separated connectors on each wire
  instead of a single plug. For information about connecting the front panel audio module that has
  different wire assignments, please contact the chassis manufacturer.

#### 11) SPDIF\_O (S/PDIF Out Header)

This header supports digital S/PDIF Out and connects a S/PDIF digital audio cable (provided by expansion cards) for digital audio output from your motherboard to certain expansion cards like graphics cards and sound cards. For example, some graphics cards may require you to use a S/PDIF digital audio cable for digital audio output from your motherboard to your graphics card if you wish to connect an HDMI display to the graphics card and have digital audio output from the HDMI display at the same time.

For information about connecting the S/PDIF digital audio cable, carefully read the manual for your expansion card.



•	
C	I
1	

Pin No.	Definition
1	SPDIFO
2	GND

Hardware Installation

#### 12) F\_USB30 (USB 3.0/2.0 Header)

The header conforms to USB 3.0/2.0 specification and can provide two USB ports. For purchasing the optional 3.5" front panel that provides two USB 3.0/2.0 ports, please contact the local dealer.



Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	VBUS	11	D2+
2	SSRX1-	12	D2-
3	SSRX1+	13	GND
4	GND	14	SSTX2+
5	SSTX1-	15	SSTX2-
6	SSTX1+	16	GND
7	GND	17	SSRX2+
8	D1-	18	SSRX2-
9	D1+	19	VBUS
10	NC	20	No Pin

#### 13) F\_USB1/F\_USB2 (USB 2.0/1.1 Headers)

The headers conform to USB 2.0/1.1 specification. Each USB header can provide two USB ports via an optional USB bracket. For purchasing the optional USB bracket, please contact the local dealer.





Pin No.	Definition	
1	Power (5V)	
2	Power (5V)	
3	USB DX-	
4	USB DY-	
5	USB DX+	
6	USB DY+	
7	GND	
8	GND	
9	No Pin	
10	NC	

- $\wedge$ 
  - Do not plug the IEEE 1394 bracket (2x5-pin) cable into the USB 2.0/1.1 header.

- 29 -

• Prior to installing the USB bracket, be sure to turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the USB bracket.

#### 14) COMA (Serial Port Header)

The COM header can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable. For purchasing the optional COM port cable, please contact the local dealer.



9	1
10	 2

Pin No.	Definition
1	NDCD-
2	NSIN
3	NSOUT
4	NDTR-
5	GND
6	NDSR-
7	NRTS-
8	NCTS-
9	NRI-
10	No Pin

#### 15) TPM (Trusted Platform Module Header)

You may connect a TPM (Trusted Platform Module) to this header.





Pin No.	Definition	Pin No.	Definition
1	LCLK	11	LAD0
2	GND	12	GND
3	LFRAME	13	NC
4	No Pin	14	ID
5	LRESET	15	SB3V
6	NC	16	SERIRQ
7	LAD3	17	GND
8	LAD2	18	NC
9	VCC3	19	NC
10	LAD1	20	SUSCLK

#### 16) CLR CMOS (Clear CMOS Jumper)

Use this jumper to clear the BIOS configuration and reset the CMOS values to factory defaults. To clear the CMOS values, use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the two pins for a few seconds.



 $(\bullet, \bullet)$ Open: Normal Short: Clear CMOS Values



- · Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before clearing the CMOS values.
- · After system restart, go to BIOS Setup to load factory defaults (select Load Optimized Defaults) or manually configure the BIOS settings (refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Setup," for BIOS configurations).

#### 17) BAT (Battery)

The battery provides power to keep the values (such as BIOS configurations, date, and time information) in the CMOS when the computer is turned off. Replace the battery when the battery voltage drops to a low level, or the CMOS values may not be accurate or may be lost.





You may clear the CMOS values by removing the battery:

- 1. Turn off your computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Gently remove the battery from the battery holder and wait for one minute. (Or use a metal object like a screwdriver to touch the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder, making them short for 5 seconds.)
- 3. Replace the battery.
- 4. Plug in the power cord and restart your computer.

Always turn off your computer and unplug the power cord before replacing the battery.

- Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Danger of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect model.
- · Contact the place of purchase or local dealer if you are not able to replace the battery by yourself or uncertain about the battery model.
- When installing the battery, note the orientation of the positive side (+) and the negative side (-) of the battery (the positive side should face up).
- · Used batteries must be handled in accordance with local environmental regulations.


Hardware Installation

1

# Chapter 2 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features.

When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <Delete> key during the POST when the power is turned on.

To upgrade the BIOS, use either the GIGABYTE Q-Flash or @BIOS utility.

- Q-Flash allows the user to quickly and easily upgrade or back up BIOS without entering the operating system.
- @BIOS is a Windows-based utility that searches and downloads the latest version of BIOS from the Internet and updates the BIOS.

For instructions on using the Q-Flash and @BIOS utilities, refer to Chapter 5, "BIOS Update Utilities."



- Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system
  instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's
  failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.
  (Refer to the "Load Optimized Defaults" section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clear
  CMOS jumper in Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

## 2-1 Startup Screen

The following startup Logo screen will appear when the computer boots.



#### Function Keys:

#### <DEL>: BIOS SETUP\Q-FLASH

Press the <Delete> key to enter BIOS Setup or to access the Q-Flash utility in BIOS Setup.

#### <F9>: SYSTEM INFORMATION

Press the <F9> key to display your system information.

#### <F12>: BOOT MENU

Boot Menu allows you to set the first boot device without entering BIOS Setup. In Boot Menu, use the up arrow key <1> or the down arrow key <1> to select the first boot device, then press <Enter> to accept. The system will boot from the device immediately.

Note: The setting in Boot Menu is effective for one time only. After system restart, the device boot order will still be based on BIOS Setup settings.

#### <END>: Q-FLASH

Press the <End> key to access the Q-Flash utility directly without having to enter BIOS Setup first.

# 2-2 The Main Menu

#### A. Startup Guide (Default)

The Startup Guide screen simplifies conventional complicated BIOS setup menus and presents only the most frequently used options in the easy-to-use interface. It helps first-time users to perform basic system setups more quickly and easily.



#### B. ST Mode (Smart Tweak Mode)

Differing from traditional UEFI interface, the ST Mode provides a fancy and user-friendly BIOS environment where users can easily point and click through various settings and make adjustments for optimum performance. In ST Mode, you can use your mouse to move through the option menus for quick configuration or press <F2> to switch to the traditional BIOS Setup screen.

						d Jamen Temperature		e 16:15:34 TUE
CPU Status		Trequency	Merrory	Voltage	to discelarens	A Home	Soveration	System Status
PU Core Ratio		Frequency Advance	ed CPU Core Settings				and the second	+3.3V
0 PU Vcore 212V PU VRN 752V		CPU Base Clock Spread Spectrum Cost Host Clock Value Processor Graphics Cli						3344V +5V C198V +12V +12V
PU VAXG 012V		CPU Clock Ratio		12 Auto				System Temperature 31.0°C
PU Temperature 16.0°C		CPU Frequency						PCH Temperature 33.0°C
PU Fan Speed 1755 RPM	-							1st System Fan Speed 0 RPM
PU OPT Fan Speed D RPM								2nd System Fan Speed 0 RPM
Memory Status OR Frequency 310,59MHz								and System Fan Speed 0 RP94
RAM Voltage (CH A(B) LSOOV								
enory Channel A 9-9-24								
Senory Channel B		Model Name	297K Carning 7		CRINAVE	Incellif() Core(TM) (7-4	7505 CRUIR 3 20CH2	
		BIDS Version BIDS Date BIDS ID	F1j 03/09/2014 84064/01		CPU ID Update Revision Total Memory Size	000306C3 00000017 23.98MB		



When the system is not stable as usual, select the Load Optimized Defaults item to set your system to its defaults.

The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

#### **B. Classic Setup**

Classic Setup is the conventional BIOS Setup interface where you can press the arrow keys on your keyboard to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter a sub-menu. Or you can use your mouse to select the item you want.

#### GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS 3 Setup Menus 1 0 Enter Q-Flash Switch to Enalish Q-Flas Select Default ST Mode Boot Option Priorities Boot Option #1 Specify the overall boot order from th available devices list. Language UEFI: U. PO: PIO. Boot Option #3 (Default: Devices ordered according to SATA port number: Lowest first) USB 2.0. Help Enabled Security Option Full Screen LOGO Show Susten Enabled Disabled Disabled Fast Boot Enter/Dbl Click: Select +/-/PU/PD: Change Opt. F2 : Smart Tweak Mode Execute Disable Bit Intel Virtualization Technology Enabled Enabled Disabled Disabled Intel TXT(LT) Support Function Keys F5 : Previous Values F7 : Optimized Defaults Dynamic Storage Accelerator VI-d Enabled F9 : System Information F10 : Save & Exit Windows 8 Features Boot Mode Selection Other OS UEFI an. Disabled F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only) ESC/Right Click: Exit Configuration Items Current Settings

#### (Sample BIOS Version: F1a)

#### **Classic Setup Function Keys**

<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select a setup menu
<^><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an configuration item on a menu
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter a menu
<+>/ <page up=""></page>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->/ <page down=""></page>	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<f2></f2>	Switch to ST Mode or Startup Guide screen
<f5></f5>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<f7></f7>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f8></f8>	Access the Q-Flash utility
<f9></f9>	Display system information
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program
<f12></f12>	Capture the current screen as an image and save it to your USB drive
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program
	Submenus: Exit current submenu
	11 0
# **BIOS Setup Menus**

## M.I.T.

Use this menu to configure the clock, frequency, and voltages of your CPU and memory, etc. Or check the system/CPU temperatures, voltages, and fan speeds.

## System Information

Use this menu to configure the default language used by the BIOS and system time and date.

## BIOS Features

Use this menu to configure the device boot order and advanced features available on the CPU.

## Peripherals

Use this menu to configure all peripheral devices, such as SATA, USB, integrated audio, and integrated LAN, etc.

## Power Management

Use this menu to configure all the power-saving functions.

# Save & Exit

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. You can save the current BIOS settings to a profile or load optimized defaults for optimal-performance system operations.

# 2-3 M.I.T.

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS					
		A CONTRACTOR			
M.I.I.	System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit ST Mode English Q-Flash	
<ul> <li>H.I.T. Current Statu</li> <li>Advanced Frequency S</li> <li>Advanced Memory Sett</li> <li>Advanced Voltage Set</li> <li>PC Health Status</li> <li>Miscellaneous Settin</li> </ul>	ettings ings tings			Show all information about H.I.T. status	
BIOS Version BCLK CPU Frequency Menory Frequency		F1a 100.01MHz 3900.93MHz 1333.59MHz		++: Select Screen †1/Click: Select Iten Enter/Dbl Click: Select +/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.	
Total Memory Size		2048MB		F2 : Smart Tweak Mode F5 : Previous Values	
CPU Temperature		37.0°C		F7 : Optimized Defaults F8 : Q-Flash	
Vcore DRAM Voltage		1.1520 1.5000		F9 : System Information F10 : Save & Exit F12 : Print Screen (FMT16/32 Format Only) ESC/Right Click: Exit	
	Cc	pyright (C) 2014 Ame	rican Megatrends, I	ESC/Right Click: Exit	



Whether the system will work stably with the overclock/overvoltage settings you made is dependent on your overall system configurations. Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to CPU, chipset, or memory and reduce the useful life of these components. This page is for advanced users only and we recommend you not to alter the default settings to prevent system instability or other unexpected results.(Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.)

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS							
	- Alexandre	I.					
H.I.T. System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit				
			ST Mode English Q-Flash				
▶ M.I.T. Current Status			Show all information about M.I.T. status				
Advanced Frequency Settings			Show are internation about highly obtained				
Advanced Memory Settings							
Advanced Voltage Settings							
▶ PC Health Status							
<ul> <li>Miscellaneous Settings</li> </ul>							
BIOS Version	F1a						
BCLK	100.01MHz		++: Select Screen _+4/Click: Select Item				
CPU Frequency	3900.93MHz		Enter/Dbl Click: Select				
Menory Frequency	1333.59MHz		+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.				
Total Memory Size	2048MB		F2 : Smart Tweak Mode				
(TH	37.0°C		F5 : Previous Values				
CPU Temperature	31.0 C		F7 : Optimized Defaults F8 : O-Flash				
Vcore	1.1520		r8 : U-rlash F9 : Sustem Information				
DRAM Voltage	1.1520 1.500U		F10 : Save & Exit				
DMIT Vortage	1.3000		F10 : Save a Exit F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Onlu)				
			ESC/Right Click: Exit				
			abor night offent and				
Co	pyright (C) 2014 Amer	ican Megatrends, Ir	ic.				

This section provides information on the BIOS version, CPU base clock, CPU frequency, memory frequency, total memory size, CPU temperature, Vcore, and memory voltage.

## M.I.T. Current Status

This screen provides information on CPU/memory frequencies/parameters.

## Advanced Frequency Settings

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS						
H.I.T. System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit			
Back M.I.T.\Advanced Frequency Setting	15		ST Mode English Q-Flash			
Performance Upprade		Auto				
CPII Base Clock		Auto				
Host/PCIe Clock Frequency		100.00MHz				
Processor Base Clock (Gear Ratio)		1.00x				
Spread Spectrum Control		Auto				
Host Clock Value		100.00MHz				
Processor Graphics Clock	1200	Auto				
CPU Upgrade		Auto				
CPU Clock Ratio		Auto				
		3.50GHz	++: Select Screen   14/Click: Select Item			
► Advanced CPU Core Settings			Enter/Dbl Click: Select			
			+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.			
System Memory Multiplier	13.33	Auto	F2 : Smart Tweak Mode			
Menory Frequency (MHz)		1333MHz	F5 : Previous Values			
			F7 : Optimized Defaults			
			F8 : Q-Flash			
			F9 : System Information			
			F10 : Save & Exit			
			F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only)			
			ESC/Right Click: Exit			
	opyright (C) 2014 Am	merican Megatrends, I	nc.			

## ∽ Performance Upgrade <sup>(Note)</sup>

Provides you with five different overclocking configurations. Options are: 20% Upgrade, 40% Upgrade, 60% Upgrade, 80% Upgrade, 100% Upgrade. (Default: Auto)

#### CPU Base Clock

Allows you to manually set the CPU base clock in 0.01 MHz increments. (Default: Auto) **Important:** It is highly recommended that the CPU frequency be set in accordance with the CPU specifications.

#### Host/PCIe Clock Frequency (Note)

Allows you to manually set the host clock frequency (which controls CPU, PCIe, and memory frequencies) in 0.01 MHz increments.

This item is configurable only when CPU Base Clock is set to Manual.

## ∽ Processor Base Clock (Gear Ratio) <sup>(Note)</sup>

Allows you to configure the Processor Base Clock by multiplying the **Host/PCIe Clock Frequency** by several preset host clock multipliers. This item is configurable only when **CPU Base Clock** is set to **Manual**.

## ∽ Spread Spectrum Control<sup>(Note)</sup>

Enables or disables CPU/PCle Spread Spectrum. (Default: Auto) This item is configurable only when **CPU Base Clock** is set to **Manual**.

#### ☞ Host Clock Value

This value is determined by multiplying the Host/PCIe Clock Frequency value by the Processor Base Clock (Gear Ratio) value.

#### Processor Graphics Clock

Allows you to set the onboard graphics clock. The adjustable range is from 400 MHz to 4000 MHz. (Default: Auto)

#### CPU Upgrade (Note)

Allows you to set the CPU frequency. Options may vary depending on the CPU being used. (Default: Auto)

CPU Clock Ratio

Allows you to alter the clock ratio for the installed CPU. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being installed.

#### ∽ CPU Frequency

Displays the current operating CPU frequency.

## Advanced CPU Core Settings

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS					
	4 (A)				
M.I.T. System Informat	ion BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit		
Back M.I.T.\Advanced Frequency Set	tings\Advanced CPU Core	Settings	ST Mode English Q-Flash		
CPU Clock Ratio	32	Auto	Adjusting CPU Clock ratio will affect		
CPU Frequency	3.20GHz	3.50GHz	the CPU clock frequency, temperature		
кос		Auto	and voltage requirements.		
CPU PLL Selection		Auto	Note: Settings are dependant on CPU		
Filter PLL Level		Auto	model. Non-K CPU models have locked CPU		
Uncore Ratio		Auto	ratios.		
		3.506Hz			
Intel(R) Turbo Boost Technology		Auto			
Turbo Ratio (1-Core Active)		Auto			
Turbo Ratio (2-Core Active)		Auto	The second se		
Turbo Ratio (3-Core Active)		Auto	++: Select Screen _ 14/Click: Select Its		
Turbo Ratio (4-Core Active)		Auto	Enter/Dbl Click: Select		
Turbo Power Limit(Watts)		Auto	*/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.		
Core Current Limit(Amps)		Auto	F2 : Smart Tweak Mode		
No. of CPU Cores Enabled		Auto	F5 : Previous Values		
Hyper-Threading Technology		Auto	F7 : Optimized Defaults		
CPU Enhanced Halt(C1E)		Auto	F8 : Q-Flash		
C3 State Support		Auto	📕 F9 : System Information		
C6/C7 State Support		Auto	F10 : Save & Exit		
CPU Thermal Monitor		Auto	F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only ESC/Right Click: Exit		

#### ∽ CPU Clock Ratio, CPU Frequency

The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the **Advanced Frequency Settings** menu.

C K OC (Note)

Allows for increased performance by using certain CPUs. (Default: Auto)

☞ CPU PLL Selection

Allows you to set the CPU PLL. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

- Filter PLL Level Allows you to set the Filter PLL. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)
- ∽ Uncore Ratio

Allows you to set the CPU Uncore ratio. The adjustable range is dependent on the CPU being used.

#### ☞ Uncore Frequency

Displays the current CPU Uncore frequency.

#### Intel(R) Turbo Boost Technology (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the Intel CPU Turbo Boost technology. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

# ∽ Turbo Ratio (1-Core Active~4-Core Active) (Note)

Allows you to set the CPU Turbo ratios for different number of active cores. Auto sets the CPU Turbo ratios according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

## ∽ Turbo Power Limit (Watts)

Allows you to set a power limit for CPU Turbo mode. When the CPU power consumption exceeds the specified power limit, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the power. **Auto** sets the power limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

#### ∽ Core Current Limit (Amps)

Allows you to set a current limit for CPU Turbo mode. When the CPU current exceeds the specified current limit, the CPU will automatically reduce the core frequency in order to reduce the current. **Auto** sets the power limit according to the CPU specifications. (Default: Auto)

## No. of CPU Cores Enabled (Note)

Allows you to select the number of CPU cores to enable in an Intel<sup>®</sup> multi-core CPU (the number of CPU cores may vary by CPU). **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## Hyper-Threading Technology (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to enable multi-threading technology when using an Intel<sup>®</sup> CPU that supports this function. This feature only works for operating systems that support multi-processor mode. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> CPU Enhanced Halt (C1E) function, a CPU power-saving function in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

#### C3 State Support (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C3 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C3 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C1. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## C6/C7 State Support (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C6/C7 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C6/C7 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C3. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## CPU Thermal Monitor (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> Thermal Monitor function, a CPU overheating protection function. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced when the CPU is overheated. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## CPU EIST Function (Note)

Enables or disables Enhanced Intel<sup>®</sup> Speed Step Technology (EIST). Depending on CPU loading, Intel EIST technology can dynamically and effectively lower the CPU voltage and core frequency to decrease average power consumption and heat production. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

#### Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note)

Allows the BIOS to read the SPD data on XMP memory module(s) to enhance memory performance when enabled.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ➡ Profile1 Uses Profile 1 settings.
- ▶ Profile2 <sup>(Note)</sup> Uses Profile 2 settings.

#### ∽ System Memory Multiplier

Allows you to set the system memory multiplier. Auto sets memory multiplier according to memory SPD data. (Default: Auto)

#### ∽ Memory Frequency (MHz)

The first memory frequency value is the normal operating frequency of the memory being used; the second is the memory frequency that is automatically adjusted according to the **System Memory Multiplier** settings.

#### Advanced Memory Settings

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS							
	-/ 🎆	*	E.			3	
H.I.T.	System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Manage	ement S	Save & Exit	
Back M.I.T.\Adu	anced Memory Settings			ST Mode	English	Q-Flash	
Extreme Memory Pro	ofile(X.M.P.)		Disabled				
Memory Overclocki			Disabled				
System Menory Mul	tiplier	13.33	Auto				
Memory Boot Node			Auto				
Menory Frequency(			1333MHz				
Memory Enhancemen Memory Tining Mode Profile DDR Volta			Normal Auto 1.50V				
	ing		Auto	2			
			Auto	++: Select Sc Enter/Dbl Cli		:k: Select Item	
► Channel A Memory S	Sub Tinings			+/-/PU/PD: Ch	ange Opt.		
► Channel B Memory :	Sub Timings			F8 : Q-Flash F9 : System F10 : Save &	s Values ed Defaults Information Exit Creen(FAT16/3	32 Format Only)	
	Ci	opyright (C) 2014 Am	erican Megatrends, I	nc.			

Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) (Note), System Memory Multiplier, Memory Frequency(MHz) The settings above are synchronous to those under the same items on the Advanced Frequency Settings menu.

#### ∽ Memory Overclocking Profiles (Note)

Allows you to set the memory frequency. Options may vary depending on the memory being used. (Default: Disabled)

#### Memory Boot Mode

Provides memory detection and training methods.

- ➤ Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default)
- Enable Fast Boot Skip memory detection and training in some specific criteria for faster memory boot.
- ➡ Disable Fast Boot Detect and train memory at every single boot.

(Note) This item is present only when you install a CPU and a memory module that support this feature.

## Memory Enhancement Settings

Provides three different memory performance enhancement settings: Normal (basic performance), Enhanced Stability, and Enhanced Performance. (Default: Normal)

#### ∽ Memory Timing Mode

Manual and Advanced Manual allows the Channel Interleaving, Rank Interleaving, and memory timing settings below to be configurable. Options are: Auto (default), Manual, Advanced Manual.

## ∽ Profile DDR Voltage

When using a non-XMP memory module or **Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.)** is set to **Disabled**, the value is displayed according to your memory specification. When Extreme Memory Profile (X.M.P.) is set to **Profile1** or **Profile2**, the value is displayed according to the SPD data on the XMP memory.

#### Channel Interleaving

Enables or disables memory channel interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different channels of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## ∽ Rank Interleaving

Enables or disables memory rank interleaving. **Enabled** allows the system to simultaneously access different ranks of the memory to increase memory performance and stability. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting.(Default: Auto)

## Channel A/B Memory Sub Timings

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS						
	4 4		E.			
H.I.T. System Information Back H.I.T.\Advanced Memory Settings		Features	Peripherals Timingo	Power Management Save & Exit ST Mode English Q-Flash		
back h.i.i. shuvanceu nenorg settings	ACHAIINET P	i nemory sub	r mings	of node English Q=rtash		
Memory Tining Mode			Auto	Auto = Automatically configures memory		
Menory Boot Node			Auto	🔋 sub-timings.		
				Manual = Manually configure memory sub		
Channel A Standard Timing Control				tinings with settings applied to both		
CAS Latency tRCD			Auto Auto	channels simultaneously. Advanced Manual = Manually configure		
tRP			Auto	both memory channels individually.		
tRAS			Auto	both memory channels therefuturing.		
			THEE	T		
<ul> <li>Channel A Advanced Timing Control</li> </ul>						
			Auto	++: Select Screen _ +4/Click: Select Ite		
			Auto	Enter/Dbl Click: Select		
			Auto	+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.		
			Auto	F2 : Smart Tweak Mode		
			Auto	F5 : Previous Values		
			Auto	F7 : Optimized Defaults		
			Auto	F8 : Q-Flash		
			Auto	F9 : System Information		
Connand Rate(tCMD)			Auto	F10 : Save & Exit		
				F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only ESC/Right Click: Exit		
				L367 Kight Click. Exit		
	Copyright	: (C) 2014 Am	erican Megatrends,	Inc.		

This sub-menu provides memory timing settings for each channel of memory. This sub-menu provides memory timing settings for each channel of memory. The respective timing setting screens are configurable only when **Memory Timing Mode** is set to **Manual** or **Advanced Manual**. Note: Your system may become unstable or fail to boot after you make changes on the memory timings. If this occurs, please reset the board to default values by loading optimized defaults or clearing the CMOS values.

# Advanced Voltage Settings

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS							
	A CONTRACTOR	R					
H.I.T. System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit				
Back M.I.T.\Advanced Voltage Settings			ST Mode English Q-Flash				
<ul> <li>CPU Core Voltage Control</li> <li>Chipast Voltage Control</li> <li>DBOM Voltage Control</li> </ul>			Adjust CPU voltage settings, including VRIN, Ucare, Graphics, RING and System Agent settings.				
			++: Select Screen TI/Click: Select Iten Enter/Phi Click: Select +/~/PU/PB: Change Opt. FZ : Smart Tueak Mode FS : Previous Values F7 : Optimized Defaults F8 : Q-Flash				
co	puright (C) 2014 Amer	rican Megatrends, I	F9 : System Information F10 : Save 8 Exit F12 : Print Screem (FAT16/32 Format Only) ESC/Right Click: Exit Mc.				

This sub-menu allows you to set CPU, chipset and memory voltages.

# PC Health Status

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS					
			<b>O</b>		
M.I.T. System Informa	tion BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit		
Back M.I.T.\PC Health Status			ST Mode English Q-Flash		
Reset Case Open Status		Disabled	A Select enable to clear the record of		
Case Open	YES	DISAUICU	previous chassis intrusion status		
CPII Ucone	1.212 U		notifications. The 'Case Open' field		
CPIL URIN	1.752 U		will show 'No' at next hoot.		
DRAM Voltage	1.500 V				
+3.30	3.344 V				
+50	5.070 V				
+12U	12.096 V				
CPU VAXG	0.012 V				
CPU Temperature	36.0 °C				
System Temperature	28.0 °C		📕 ++: Select Screen   14/Click: Select Ite		
PCH Temperature	30.0 °C		Enter/Dbl Click: Select		
CPU Fan Speed	1901 RPM		+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.		
CPU OPT Fan Speed	G RPM		F2 : Smart Tweak Mode		
1st System Fan Speed	0 RPM		F5 : Previous Values		
2nd System Fan Speed	0 RPM		F7 : Optimized Defaults		
3rd System Fan Speed	G RPH		F8 : Q-Flash		
			F9 : System Information		
CPU Temperature Warning		Disabled	F10 : Save & Exit		
System Temperature Warning		Disabled	🛛 🔻 F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only		
			ESC/Right Click: Exit		
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GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS						
	Sec.	I.				
H.I.T. System Information Back M.I.T.\PC Health Status	BIOS Features	Per ipherals	Power Management Save & Exit ST Mode English Q-Flash			
2nd System Fan Speed 3rd System Fan Speed	0 RPM 0 RPM	4	Enable to set a warning alarm when the CPU fan fails or disconnected. Note: Front panel speaker must also be			
CPU Temperature Warning System Temperature Warning		Disabled Disabled	note: Front panel speaker must also be connected. Requires a system reboot to implement.			
CPU Fan Fail Warning CPU OPT Fan Fail Warning 1st System Fan Fail Warning 2nd Sustem Fan Fail Warning		Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled				
CPU Fan Speed Control Fan Speed Percentage		Disabled Normal 0.75 PV	++: Select Screen †4/Click: Select Item Enter/Dbl Click: Select			
CPU OPT Fan Speed Control Fan Speed Percentage 1st System Fan Speed Control		Norma I 0.75 PU Norma I	+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt. F2 : Smart Tweak Mode F5 : Previous Values			
Fan Speed Percentage <b>2nd Systen Fan Speed Control</b> Fan Speed Percentage		0.75 PW Normal 0.75 PW	F7 : Optinized Defaults F8 : Q-Flash F9 : System Information			
<b>3rd System Fan Speed Control</b> Fan Speed Percentage		Norma 1 0.75 PV	F10 : Save & Exit F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only) ESC/Right Click: Exit			
Cu	opyright (C) 2014 Am	merican Megatrends, I				

## ∽ Reset Case Open Status

DisabledEnabled

Keeps or clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status. (Default)

Clears the record of previous chassis intrusion status and the Case Open field will show "No" at next boot.

## Case Open

Displays the detection status of the chassis intrusion detection device attached to the motherboard CI header. If the system chassis cover is removed, this field will show "Yes", otherwise it will show "No". To clear the chassis intrusion status record, set **Reset Case Open Status** to **Enabled**, save the settings to the CMOS, and then restart your system.

## CPU Vcore/CPU VRIN/DRAM Voltage/+3.3V/+5V/+12V/CPU VAXG Displays the current system voltages.

# ∽ CPU/System/PCH Temperature

Displays current CPU/Chipset/System temperature.

- CPU/CPU OPT/System Fan Speed
   Displays current CPU/CPU\_OPT/system fan speeds.
- ∽ CPU/System Temperature Warning

Sets the warning threshold for CPU/system temperature. When temperature exceeds the threshold, BIOS will emit warning sound. Options are: Disabled (default), 60°C/140°F, 70°C/158°F, 80°C/176°F, 90°C/194°F.

# ∽ CPU/CPU OPT/System Fan Fail Warning

Allows the system to emit warning sound if the fan is not connected or fails. Check the fan condition or fan connection when this occurs. (Default: Disabled)

# CPU Fan Speed Control (CPU\_FAN Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
   Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed under the Fan Speed Percentage item.
- ➡ Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

#### ∽ Fan Speed Percentage

Allows you to control the fan speed. This item is configurable only when CPU Fan Speed Control is set to Manual. Options are: 0.75 PWM value / $^{\circ}$ C ~ 2.50 PWM value / $^{\circ}$ C.

## ∽ CPU OPT Fan Speed Control (CPU\_OPT Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the CPU temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
   Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed under the Fan Speed Percentage item.
- ▶ Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

#### Fan Speed Percentage

Allows you to control the fan speed. This item is configurable only when CPU OPT Fan Speed Control is set to Manual. Options are: 0.75 PWM value /°C ~ 2.50 PWM value /°C.

## Ist System Fan Speed Control (SYS\_FAN1 Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
   Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed under the Fan Speed Percentage item.
- ➡ Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

#### Fan Speed Percentage

Allows you to control the fan speed. This item is configurable only when **1st System Fan Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value /°C ~ 2.50 PWM value /°C.

## 2nd System Fan Speed Control (SYS\_FAN2 Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
   Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed under the Fan Speed Percentage item.
- ➡ Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

#### Fan Speed Percentage

Allows you to control the fan speed. This item is configurable only when **2nd System Fan Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value  ${}^{\rho}C \sim 2.50$  PWM value  ${}^{\rho}C$ .

## 3rd System Fan Speed Control (SYS\_FAN3 Connector)

Allows you to determine whether to enable the fan speed control function and adjust the fan speed.

- Normal Allows the fan to run at different speeds according to the system temperature. You can adjust the fan speed with EasyTune based on your system requirements. (Default)
   Silent Allows the fan to run at slow speeds.
- Manual Allows you to control the fan speed under the Fan Speed Percentage item.
- ► Full Speed Allows the fan to run at full speeds.

## ☞ Fan Speed Percentage

Allows you to control the fan speed. This item is configurable only when **3rd System Fan Speed Control** is set to **Manual**. Options are: 0.75 PWM value / $^{\circ}$ C ~ 2.50 PWM value / $^{\circ}$ C.

## Miscellaneous Settings

		GIGABYTE -	JEFI DualBIOS	
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	ystem Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit
Back M.I.T.\Miscella	meous Settings			ST Mode English Q-Flash
PCLe Slot Configuratio DMI Gen2 Speed 3DMark01 Boost	m		Auto Enabled Disabled	Configure PCIe Slots Configuration according to PCIe generation. Auto = System will detect the appropriate PCIe Gen according to installed graphics card Note: PCIe Gen 3 will offer optimal bandwidth when paired with a compatible Gen.3 graphic card. However Gen.2 mag
				+::Select Screen TL/Click: Select Iter Enter/Obl Click: Select -/~/HV/DF: Change Dpt. T2: Saart heak Mode P5: pthickee Mode P7: opthical Mediaults P8: opthical Mediaults P8: spyther Information P10: Same & Exit F12: Print Screen(FMID/32 Format Only) ESO/Hght Click: Exit

# ☞ PCIe Slot Configuration

Allows you to set the operation mode of the PCI Express slots to Gen 1, Gen 2, or Gen 3. Actual operation mode is subject to the hardware specification of each slot. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## ☞ DMI Gen2 Speed

Allows you to configure the DMI link speed.

- ✤ Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting.
- ➡ Enabled Sets the DMI link speed to Gen 2. (Default)
- ➡ Disabled Sets the DMI link speed to Gen 1.

# つ 3DMark01 Boost

Allows you to determine whether to enhance some legacy benchmark performance. (Default: Disabled)

# 2-4 System Information



This section provides information on your motherboard model and BIOS version. You can also select the default language used by the BIOS and manually set the system time.

## System Language

Selects the default language used by the BIOS.

#### System Date

Sets the system date. The date format is week (read-only), month, date, and year. Use <Enter> to switch between the Month, Date, and Year fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.

#### System Time

Sets the system time. The time format is hour, minute, and second. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:0:0. Use <Enter> to switch between the Hour, Minute, and Second fields and use the <Page Up> or <Page Down> key to set the desired value.

#### Access Level

Displays the current access level depending on the type of password protection used. (If no password is set, the default will display as Administrator.) The Administrator level allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings; the User level only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

# 2-5 BIOS Features



## ∽ Boot Option Priorities

Specifies the overall boot order from the available devices.

Removable storage devices that support GPT format will be prefixed with "UEFI:" string on the boot device list. To boot from an operating system that supports GPT partitioning, select the device prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

Or if you want to install an operating system that supports GPT partitioning such as Windows 7 64-bit, select the optical drive that contains the Windows 7 64-bit installation disk and is prefixed with "UEFI:" string.

#### ∽ Bootup NumLock State

Enables or disables Numlock feature on the numeric keypad of the keyboard after the POST. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ Security Option

Specifies whether a password is required every time the system boots, or only when you enter BIOS Setup. After configuring this item, set the password(s) under the **Administrator Password/User Password** item.

- Setup A password is only required for entering the BIOS Setup program.
- System A password is required for booting the system and for entering the BIOS Setup program. (Default)

#### ∽ Full Screen LOGO Show

Allows you to determine whether to display the GIGABYTE Logo at system startup. **Disabled** skips the GIGABYTE Logo when the system starts up.(Default: Enabled)

#### Fast Boot

Enables or disables Fast Boot to shorten the OS boot process. **Ultra Fast** provides the fastest bootup speed. (Default: Disabled)

#### ☞ VGA Support

Allows you to select which type of operating system to boot.

- ➡ Auto Enables legacy option ROM only.
- ➡ EFI Driver Enables EFI option ROM. (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

#### ☞ USB Support

- ✤ Disabled All USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.
- ➡ Full Initial All USB devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST.
- Partial Initial Part of the USB devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.
   (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled. This item is disabled when Fast Boot is set to Ultra Fast.

#### ☞ PS2 Devices Support

- ➡ Disabled All PS/2 devices are disabled before the OS boot process completes.
- Enabled All PS/2 devices are functional in the operating system and during the POST. (Default)

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled. This item is disabled when Fast Boot is set to Ultra Fast.

#### ∽ NetWork Stack Driver Support

- Disabled Disables booting from the network. (Default)
- Enabled Enables booting from the network.

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

#### > Next Boot After AC Power Loss

- ► Normal Boot Enables normal bootup upon the return of the AC power. (Default)
- ➡ Fast Boot Keeps the Fast Boot settings upon the return of the AC power.

This item is configurable only when Fast Boot is set to Enabled or Ultra Fast.

## Limit CPUID Maximum (Note)

Allows you to determine whether to limit CPUID maximum value. Set this item to **Disabled** for Windows XP operating system; set this item to **Enabled** for legacy operating system such as Windows NT4.0. (Default: Disabled)

#### C Execute Disable Bit (Note)

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> Execute Disable Bit function. This function may enhance protection for the computer, reducing exposure to viruses and malicious buffer overflow attacks when working with its supporting software and system. (Default: Enabled)

#### Intel Virtualization Technology (Note)

Enables or disables Intel® Virtualization Technology. Virtualization enhanced by Intel® Virtualization Technology will allow a platform to run multiple operating systems and applications in independent partitions. With virtualization, one computer system can function as multiple virtual systems. (Default: Enabled)

#### ∽ Intel TXT(LT) Support <sup>(Note)</sup>

Enables or disables Intel® Trusted Execution Technology (Intel® TXT). Intel® Trusted Execution Technology provides a hardware-based security foundation. (Default: Disabled)

#### Dynamic Storage Accelerator

Enables or disables Intel® Dynamic Storage Accelerator. When enabled, the hard drive I/O performance will be adjusted according to hard drive load.(Default: Disabled)

#### ー VT-d <sup>(Note)</sup>

Enables or disables Intel® Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O. (Default: Enabled)

#### ☞ Windows 8 Features

Allows you to select the operating system to be installed. (Default: Other OS)

#### ∽ CSM Support

Enables or disables UEFI CSM (Compatibility Support Module) to support a legacy PC boot process.

- ► Always Enables UEFI CSM. (Default)
- ► Never Disables UEFI CSM and supports UEFI BIOS boot process only.

This item is configurable only when Windows 8 Features is set to Windows 8.

#### ☞ Boot Mode Selection

Allows you to select which type of operating system to boot.

UEFI and Legacy Allows booting from operating systems that support legacy option ROM or UEFI option ROM. (Default)

Legacy Only
 Allows booting from operating systems that only support legacy Option ROM.
 UEFI Only
 Allows booting from operating systems that only support UEFI Option ROM.

This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Always.

## ∽ LAN PXE Boot Option ROM

Allows you to select whether to enable the legacy option ROM for the LAN controller. (Default: Disabled) This item is configurable only when **CSM Support** is set to **Always**.

#### ∽ Storage Boot Option Control

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or legacy option ROM for the storage device controller.

- ➡ Disabled Disables option ROM.
- ➡ Legacy only Enables legacy option ROM only. (Default)
- ➡ UEFI only Enables UEFI option ROM only.
- ➡ Legacy First Enables legacy option ROM first.
- ➡ UEFI First Enables UEFI option ROM first.

This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Always.

## ∽ Other PCI Device ROM Priority

Allows you to select whether to enable the UEFI or Legacy option ROM for the PCI device controller other than the LAN, storage device, and graphics controllers.

► Legacy OpROM Enables legacy option ROM only.

➡ UEFI OpROM Enables UEFI option ROM only. (Default)

This item is configurable only when CSM Support is set to Always.

#### Over the stack

Disables or enables booting from the network to install a GPT format OS, such as installing the OS from the Windows Deployment Services server. (Default: Disabled)

## ☞ Ipv4 PXE Support

Enables or disables IPv4 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when Network stack is enabled.

## ☞ Ipv6 PXE Support

Enables or disables IPv6 PXE Support. This item is configurable only when Network stack is enabled.

## ∽ Administrator Password

Allows you to configure an administrator password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. Differing from the user password, the administrator password allows you to make changes to all BIOS settings.

## ☞ User Password

Allows you to configure a user password. Press <Enter> on this item, type the password, and then press <Enter>. You will be requested to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You must enter the administrator password (or user password) at system startup and when entering BIOS Setup. However, the user password only allows you to make changes to certain BIOS settings but not all.

To cancel the password, press <Enter> on the password item and when requested for the password, enter the correct one first. When prompted for a new password, press <Enter> without entering any password. Press <Enter> again when prompted to confirm.

# 2-6 Peripherals



# ∽ Initial Display Output

Specifies the first initiation of the monitor display from the installed PCI graphics card, PCI Express graphics card or the onboard graphics.

- ► IGFX Sets the onboard graphics as the first display.
- ▶ PCle 1 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX16 slot as the first display. (Default)
- ▶ PCle 2 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX8 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCIe 3 Slot Sets the graphics card on the PCIEX4 slot as the first display.
- ▶ PCI Sets the graphics card on the PCI slot as the first display.

## ∽ PCH LAN Controller

Enables or disables the onboard LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in network card instead of using the onboard LAN, set this item to **Disabled**.

## ∽ XHCI Mode

Allows you to determine the operating mode for the xHCl controller in OS.

➡ Smart Auto	This mode is available only when the BIOS supports the xHCI controller in the pre-boot
	environment. This mode is similar to Auto, but it adds the capability to route the ports
	to xHCl or EHCl according to setting used in previous boots (for non-G3 boot) in the
	pre-boot environment. This allows the use of USB 3.0 devices prior to OS boot. xHCI
	controller enabling and rerouting should follow the steps in Auto, when previous boot
	routs ports to EHCI. Note: This is the recommended mode when BIOS has xHCI pre-
	boot support. (Default)
Auto	BIOS routes the sharable ports to EHCL controller. Then it uses ACPL protocols to

- Auto BIOS routes the sharable ports to EHCI controller. Then it uses ACPI protocols to provide an option to enable the xHCI controller and reroute the sharable ports. Note: This is the recommended mode when BIOS does NOT have xHCI pre-boot support.
- Enabled All shared ports are eventually routed to the xHCI controller during the BIOS boot process. If BIOS does not have pre-boot support for the xHCI controller, it should initially route the sharable ports to the EHCI controller and then prior to OS boot it should route the ports to xHCI controller. Note: OS has to provide support for the xHCI controller in this mode. If the OS does not provide support, all sharable ports won't work.
- Disabled The USB 3.0 ports are routed to the EHCI controller and the xHCI controller is turned off. All USB 3.0 devices function as High Speed devices regardless of xHCI software support/availability.

# ∽ Audio Controller

Enables or disables the onboard audio function. (Default: Enabled)

If you wish to install a 3rd party add-in audio card instead of using the onboard audio, set this item to **Disabled**.

## ∽ Intel Processor Graphics

Enables or disables the onboard graphics function. (Default: Enabled)

# Intel Processor Graphics Memory Allocation

Allows you to set the onboard graphics memory size. Options are: 32M~1024M. (Default: 64M)

# DVMT Total Memory Size

Allows you to allocate the DVMT memory size of the onboard graphics. Options are: 128M, 256M, MAX. (Default: MAX)

## ∽ Intel(R) Rapid Start Technology

Enables or disables Intel® Rapid Start Technology. (Default: Disabled)

#### Legacy USB Support Allows USB keyboard/mouse to be used in MS-DOS. (Default: Enabled)

## ∽ XHCI Hand-off

Determines whether to enable XHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without XHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Enabled)

## ☞ EHCI Hand-off

Determines whether to enable EHCI Hand-off feature for an operating system without EHCI Hand-off support. (Default: Disabled)

## ☞ USB Storage Devices

Displays a list of connected USB mass storage devices. This item appears only when a USB storage device is installed.

# Two Layer KVM Switch

Set to Enabled to ensure proper device functionality when chaining two KVM switches. (Default: Disabled)

## ∽ PCIE Slot Configuration (PCH)

Specifies the operating bandwidth for the PCIEX4 slot.

- ✤ Auto Lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting depending on the expansion card being installed. (Default)
- ► x4 PCIEX4 operates at x4 mode.
- ▶ x1 PCIEX4 operates at x1 mode.

## SATA Configuration

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS						
	and the second second					
H.I.T. System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit			
Back Peripherals\SATA Configuration			ST Mode English Q-Flash			
Integrated SATA Controller SATA Mode Selection SATA Express SRIS capabilities		Enabled AHCI Disabled	Enable or disable the integrated SATA controller. This page also shows current state of			
Serial ATA Port 0 Software Preserve Port 0 Hot Plug External SATA	PIONEER DUD-RW N/A		Anis page also smous current state of SATA devices , including options to disable ports and configure hot plug status. Note: Only includes integrated Chipset ports, not 3rd party IC SATA ports.			
Serial ATA Port 1 Software Preserve Port 1 Hot Plug	Enpty Unknown	Enabled	++: Select Screen 14/Click: Select Iten Enter/Dbl Click: Select +/-/PU/PD: Change Dpt.			
External SATA Serial ATA Port 2 Software Preserve	Empty Unknown	Disabled	F2 : Smart Tweak Mode F5 : Previous Values F7 : Optimized Defaults			
Port 2 Hot Plug External SATA Serial ATA Port 3	Empty	Enabled Disabled Disabled	F8 : Q-Flash F9 : System Information F10 : Save & Exit F12 : Print Screen (FAT16/32 Format Only)			
	Copyright (C) 2014 Am	erican Megatrends,	ESC/Right Click: Exit			

#### ∽ Integrated SATA Controller

Enables or disables the integrated SATA controllers. (Default: Enabled)

## ☞ SATA Mode Selection

Enables or disables RAID for the SATA controllers integrated in the Chipset or configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode.

- ► IDE Configures the SATA controller to IDE mode.
- ➡ RAID Enables RAID for the SATA controller.
- AHCI Configures the SATA controllers to AHCI mode. Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) is an interface specification that allows the storage driver to enable advanced Serial ATA features such as Native Command Queuing and hot plug. (Default)

## ∽ M.2 PCIE SSD RAID Mode

Enables or disables Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology for the M.2 PCIe SSD. (Default: Enabled) This item is configurable only when **SATA Mode Selection** is set to **RAID**.

## ∽ SATA Express SRIS capabilities

Enables or disables SATA Express SRIS (Separate Reference Clocks with Independent SSC) mode. (Default: Disabled)

## Serial ATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5

- Port 0/1/2/3/4/5 Enables or disables each SATA port. (Default: Enabled)
- Hot plug

Enables or disable the hot plug capability for each SATA port. (Default: Disabled)

External SATA
 Enables or disables support for external SATA devices. (Default: Disabled)

## Super IO Configuration

This section provides information on the super I/O chip and allows you to configure the serial port.

- ☞ Serial Port A Enables or disables the onboard serial port. (Default: Enabled)
- Intel(R) Smart Connect Technology

# ☞ ISCT Support

Enables or disables Intel® Smart Connect Technology. (Default: Disabled)

## Intel(R) Ethernet Network Connection

This sub-menu provides information on LAN configuration and related configuration options.

# 2-7 Power Management



## Power Loading

Enables or disables dummy load. When the power supply is at low load, a self-protection will activate causing it to shutdown or fail. If this occurs, please set to **Enabled**. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. (Default: Auto)

## ☞ Resume by Alarm

Determines whether to power on the system at a desired time. (Default: Disabled) If enabled, set the date and time as following:

Wake up day: Turn on the system at a specific time on each day or on a specific day in a month.
 Wake up hour/minute/second: Set the time at which the system will be powered on automatically.
 Note: When using this function, avoid inadequate shutdown from the operating system or removal of the AC power, or the settings may not be effective.

## Wake on LAN

Enables or disables the wake on LAN function. (Default: Enabled)

## ∽ Soft-Off by PWR-BTTN

Configures the way to turn off the computer in MS-DOS mode using the power button.

▶ Instant-Off Press the power button and then the system will be turned off instantly. (Default)

Delay 4 Sec. Press and hold the power button for 4 seconds to turn off the system. If the power button is pressed for less than 4 seconds, the system will enter suspend mode.

## ∽ RC6(Render Standby)

Allows you to determine whether to let the onboard graphics enter standby mode to decrease power consumption. (Default: Enabled)

## 🗢 AC BACK

Determines the state of the system after the return of power from an AC power loss.

- Memory The system returns to its last known awake state upon the return of the AC power.
- ➡ Always On The system is turned on upon the return of the AC power.
- ➤ Always Off The system stays off upon the return of the AC power. (Default)

## ∽ Power On By Keyboard

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 keyboard wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ➡ Password Set a password with 1~5 characters to turn on the system.
- ▶ Keyboard 98 Press POWER button on the Windows 98 keyboard to turn on the system.
- ► Any Key Press any key to turn on the system.

## ∽ Power On Password

#### Set the password when Power On By Keyboard is set to Password.

Press <Enter> on this item and set a password with up to 5 characters and then press <Enter> to accept. To turn on the system, enter the password and press <Enter>.

Note: To cancel the password, press <Enter> on this item. When prompted for the password, press <Enter> again without entering the password to clear the password settings.

## ∽ Power On By Mouse

Allows the system to be turned on by a PS/2 mouse wake-up event.

Note: To use this function, you need an ATX power supply providing at least 1A on the +5VSB lead.

- ➡ Disabled Disables this function. (Default)
- ► Move Move the mouse to turn on the system.

Double Click Double click on left button on the mouse to turn on the system.

## ∽ ErP

Determines whether to let the system consume least power in S5 (shutdown) state. (Default: Disabled) Note: When this item is set to **Enabled**, the following functions will become unavailable: PME event wake up, power on by mouse, power on by keyboard, and wake on LAN.

## ∽ Platform Power Management

Enables or disables the Active State Power Management function (ASPM).(Default: Disabled)

## PEG ASPM

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for the device connected to the CPU PEG bus. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Auto)

## ☞ PCle ASPM

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for the device connected to Chipset's PCI Express bus. Auto lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Auto)

## CPU DMI Link ASPM Control

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for the CPU side of the DMI link. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: L0sL1)

# ∽ PCH DMI Link ASPM Control

Allows you to configure the ASPM mode for both CPU side and Chipset side of the DMI link. **Auto** lets the BIOS automatically configure this setting. This item is configurable only when **Platform Power Management** is set to **Enabled**. (Default: Enabled)

# 2-8 Save & Exit



## ∽ Save & Exit Setup

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This saves the changes to the CMOS and exits the BIOS Setup program. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

## ☞ Exit Without Saving

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes**. This exits the BIOS Setup without saving the changes made in BIOS Setup to the CMOS. Select **No** or press <Esc> to return to the BIOS Setup Main Menu.

## ∽ Load Optimized Defaults

Press <Enter> on this item and select **Yes** to load the optimal BIOS default settings. The BIOS defaults settings help the system to operate in optimum state. Always load the Optimized defaults after updating the BIOS or after clearing the CMOS values.

## Boot Override

Allows you to select a device to boot immediately. Press <Enter> on the device you select and select Yes to confirm. Your system will restart automatically and boot from that device.

## ∽ Save Profiles

This function allows you to save the current BIOS settings to a profile. You can create up to 8 profiles and save as Setup Profile 1~ Setup Profile 8. Press <Enter> to complete. Or you can select **Select File in HDD/USB/FDD** to save the profile to your storage device.

# ∽ Load Profiles

If your system becomes unstable and you have loaded the BIOS default settings, you can use this function to load the BIOS settings from a profile created before, without the hassles of reconfiguring the BIOS settings. First select the profile you wish to load and then press <Enter> to complete. You can select **Select** File in HDD/USB/FDD to input the profile previously created from your storage device or load the profile automatically created by the BIOS, such as reverting the BIOS settings to the last settings that worked properly (last known good record).


BIOS Setup

1

# Chapter 3 Configuring SATA Hard Drive(s)

# RAID Levels

	RAID 0	RAID 1	RAID 5	RAID 10
Minimum Number of Hard Drives	≥2	2	≥3	≥4
Array Capacity	Number of hard drives * Size of the smallest drive	Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives -1) * Size of the smallest drive	(Number of hard drives/2) * Size of the smallest drive
Fault Tolerance	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

# To configure SATA hard drive(s), follow the steps below:

- A. Install SATA hard drive(s) in your computer.
- B. Configure SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup.
- C. Configure a RAID array in RAID BIOS (Note 1)
- D. Install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system (Note 2)

# Before you begin

- At least two SATA hard drives (to ensure optimal performance, it is recommended that you use two hard drives with identical model and capacity). If you do not want to create RAID, you may prepare only one hard drive.
- Windows setup disk.
- Motherboard driver disk.
- A USB flash drive.

# 3-1 Configuring SATA Controllers

# A. Installing SATA hard drive(s) in your computer

Attach one end of the SATA signal cable to the rear of the SATA hard drive and the other end to available SATA port on the motherboard. Then connect the power connector from your power supply to the hard drive.

(Note 1) Skip this step if you do not want to create RAID array on the SATA controller.

(Note 2) Required when the SATA controller is set to AHCI or RAID mode.

## B. Configuring SATA controller mode in BIOS Setup

Make sure to configure the SATA controller mode correctly in system BIOS Setup. Step 1:

Turn on your computer and press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup during the POST (Power-On Self-Test). Go to Peripherals\SATA Configuration, make sure Integrated SATA Controller is enabled. To create RAID, set SATA Mode Selection to RAID (Figure 1). If you do not want to create RAID, set this item to IDE or AHCI.



Step 2:

If you want to configure UEFI RAID, follow the steps in "C-1." To enter the legacy RAID ROM, save the settings and exit BIOS Setup. Refer to "C-2" for more information.



The BIOS Setup menus described in this section may differ from the exact settings for your motherboard. The actual BIOS Setup menu options you will see shall depend on the motherboard you have and the BIOS version.

## C-1. UEFI RAID Configuration

Only Windows 8.1/8 64-bit supports UEFI RAID configuration. Step 1:

In BIOS Setup, go to **BIOS Features** and set **Windows 8 Features** to **Windows 8** and **CSM Support** to **Never** (Figure 2). Save the changes and exit BIOS Setup.



#### Step 2:

After the system reboot, enter BIOS Setup again. Then enter the **Peripherals Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology** sub-menu (Figure 3).



Step 3:

On the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology menu, press <Enter> on Create RAID Volume to enter the Create RAID Volume screen. Enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the Name item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level (Figure 4). RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, Recovery, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Next, use the down arrow key to move to Select Disks.

G	IGABYTE - U	EFI DualBIOS			
					\$
	US Features	Peripherals	Power Manage		Save & Exit
Back Peripherals\Intel(R) Rapid Storage Tech	nology\Create H	AID Volume	ST Mode	English	Q-Flash
Create RAID Volume			Select RAID L	evel	
Nane :		Volume1			
RAID Level:		RAIDO(S			
Select Disks:	RAID	Level:			
SATA 0.1, Hitachi HDS721050CLA660 JP1532FR3BW					
SATA 0.2, Hitachi HDS721050CLA660 JP1532ER046	RAIDO ( RAID1 (				
Strip Size:		very	-		
Capacity (MB):			++: Select Sc	reen †4/Cli	ck: Select Item
			Enter/Dbl Cli	ck: Select	
			+/-/PU/PD: Ch		
			F2 : Smart T		
Select at least two disks			F5 : Previou F7 : Optimiz		
			F8 : Q-Flash	ed Defaults	
				Information	
			F10 : Save &		
			F12 : Print S	creen (FAT 16/	'32 Format Only)
			ESC/Right Cli	ck: Exit	
Copyr igl	ht (C) 2014 Ame	rican Megatrends	, Inc.		
	Fic	aure 4			

Step 4:

Under **Select Disks** item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. Press the <Space> key on the hard drives to be selected (selected hard drives are marked with "X"). Then set the stripe block size (Figure 5). The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, set the volume capacity.



Step 5:

After setting the capacity, move to Create Volume and press <Enter> to begin (Figure 6).



After completing, you'll be brought back to the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology screen. Under RAID Volumes you can see the new RAID volume. To see more detailed information, press <Enter> on the volume to check for information on RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc. (Figure 7).

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS					
	/ 5	3			
H.I.T.	System Information	BIOS Features	Peripherals	Power Management	Save & Exit
Back Peripheral RAID VOLUME INFO	s\Intel(R) Rapid Storage	Technology\KALD VUL	UNE INFU	ST Mode Engl	ish Q-Flash
Volume Actions					
▶ Delete					
Nane :		GBT			
RAID Level:		RAIDO (Stripe)			
Strip Size:		16KB			
Size:		931.5GB			
Status:		Nornal			
Bootable:		Yes		++: Select Screen 1	
				Enter/Dbl Click: Sele	
	HDS721050CLA660 JP1532F			+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt	
▶ SHIH 0.2, Hitachi	HDS721050CLA660 JP1532E	KU46M2K, 465.76B		F2 : Smart Tweak Mon F5 : Previous Values	
				F7 : Optimized Defa	
				F8 : Q-Flash	lits
				F9 : Susten Informat	Hon
				F10 : Save & Exit	.1011
				F12 : Print Screen(Ff	116/32 Format Onlui
				ESC/Right Click: Exit	
	Co	pyright (C) 2014 Ame	rican Megatrends, I	nc.	
		Fic	ure 7		

Figure 7

## **Delete RAID Volume**

To delete a RAID array, press <Enter> on the volume to be deleted on the Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology screen. After entering the RAID VOLUME INFO screen, press <Enter> on Delete to enter the Delete screen. Press <Enter> on Yes (Figure 8).

GIGABYTE - UEFI DualBIOS	
/ 🛞 / 🎊 / 🦓 i 🕵	
H.I.T. System Information BIOS Features Peripherals	Power Management Save & Exit
Back Peripherals\Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology\RAID VOLUME INFO\Delete	ST Mode English Q-Flash
Delete Delete the BALD volume? ALL DATA ON VOLUME VIIL BE LUST!	Deleting a volume will reset the disks to non-BAID.
▶ Yes	
▶ No	
	++: Select Screen 14/Click: Select Item
	Enter/Dbl Click: Select
	+/-/PU/PD: Change Opt.
	F2 : Smart Tweak Mode
	F5 : Previous Values
	F7 : Optimized Defaults
	F8 : Q-Flash
	F9 : System Information
	F10 : Save & Exit F12 : Print Screen(FAT16/32 Format Only)
	ESC/Right Click: Exit
	Loo aight crick. Lait
Copyright (C) 2014 American Megatrends, I	nc.

Figure 8

# C-2. Configuring Legacy RAID ROM

Enter the Intel<sup>®</sup> legacy RAID BIOS setup utility to configure a RAID array. Skip this step and proceed with the installation of Windows operating system for a non-RAID configuration.

#### Step 1:

After the POST memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins, look for a message which says "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility" (Figure 9). Press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 13.0.0.2075 Copyright (C) Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.						
RAID Volumes : None defined.						
Physical Devices : ID Device Model I Hitachi HDS72105 2 Hitachi HDS72105 Press CTRL-1> to enter Co	Serial # JP1532FR3BWV7K JP1532ER046M2K nfiguration Utility	Size 465.7GB 465.7GB	Type/Status(Vol ID) Non-RAID Disk Non-RAID Disk			

Figure 9

Step 2:

After you press <Ctrl> + <l>, the MAIN MENU screen will appear. (Figure 10)

## Create RAID Volume

If you want to create a RAID array, select Create RAID Volume in MAIN MENU and press < Enter>.



Figure 10

Step 3:

After entering the CREATE VOLUME MENU screen, enter a volume name with 1~16 letters (letters cannot be special characters) under the Name item and press <Enter>. Then, select a RAID level (Figure 11). RAID levels supported include RAID 0, RAID 1, Recovery, RAID 10, and RAID 5 (the selections available depend on the number of the hard drives being installed). Press <Enter> to proceed.

	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 13.0.0.2075 Copyright (C) Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.				
		Nar RAID Lev Dis Strip Si Capaci	VOLUME MENU ] ne : Volume0 el : RAID0(Stripe) ks : Select Disks ze : 16KB ty : 931.5 GB nc : N/A Create Volume		
	[HELP]				
	RAID 0: Stripes data (performance).				
	[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select	
Figure 11					

Step 4:

Under Disks item, select the hard drives to be included in the RAID array. If only two hard drives are installed, they will be automatically assigned to the array. Set the stripe block size (Figure 12) if necessary. The stripe block size can be set from 4 KB to 128 KB. Once you have selected the stripe block size, press <Enter>.

		ogy - Option ROM - 13.0.0.2075 ration. All Rights Reserved.			
	Name : RAID Level : Disks : Strip Size :	931.5 GB			
	[ HI	ELP]			
	The following are typical values:				
	RAID0 - RAID10 - RAID5 -				
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select		
	Ci	oure 12			

Figure 12

Step 5:

Enter the array capacity and press <Enter>. Finally press <Enter> on the **Create Volume** item to begin creating the RAID array. When prompted to confirm whether to create this volume, press <Y> to confirm or <N> to cancel (Figure 13).

			gy - Option ROM - 13.0.0.2075 ation. All Rights Reserved.	
		Name : RAID Level :		
			LECTED DISKS WILL BE LOST. create this volume? (Y/N) :	
		Press ENTER to creat	te the specified volume.	
[↑	↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select
			10	



When completed, you can see detailed information about the RAID array in the **DISK/VOLUME INFORMATION** section, including the RAID level, stripe block size, array name, and array capacity, etc. (Figure 14).



Figure 14

To exit the RAID BIOS utility, press <Esc> or select 6. Exit in MAIN MENU.

Now, you can proceed to install the SATA RAID/AHCI driver and operating system.

#### **Recovery Volume Options**

Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Recover Technology provides data protection by allowing users to easily restore data and system operation using a designated recovery drive. With the Rapid Recovery Technology, which employs RAID 1 functionality, users can copy the data from the master drive to the recovery drive; if needed, the data on the recovery drive can be restored back to the master drive.

Before you begin:

- The recovery drive must have equal or greater capacity than the master drive.
- A recovery volume can be created with two hard drives only. A recovery volume and a RAID array cannot co-exist in the system at the same time, that is, if you have already created a recovery volume, you are unable to create a RAID array.
- By default, only the master drive can be viewed in the operating system; the recovery drive is hidden.

Step 1:

Select Create RAID Volume in MAIN MENU and press <Enter> (Figure 15).



Figure 15

Step 2:

After entering the volume name, select Recovery under the RAID Level item and press <Enter> (Figure 16).

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology - Option ROM - 13.0.0.2075 Copyright (C) Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.					
	Name : RAID Level : Disks : Strip Size : Capacity :	Select Disks N/A			
	[ HB	ELP ]	1		
	Recovery: Copies data betwe	en a master and a recovery disk.			
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select		
Figure 16					

Figure 16

Step 3:

Press <Enter> under the Select Disks item. In the SELECT DISKS box, press <Tab> on the hard drive you want to use for the master drive and press <Space> on the hard drive you want to use for the recovery drive.(Make sure the recovery drive has equal or larger capacity than the master drive.) Then press < Enter> to confirm (Figure 17).





Step 4:

Under Sync, select Continuous or On Request (Figure 18). When set to Continuous, changes made to the data on the master drive will be automatically and continuously copied to the recovery drive when both hard drives are installed in the system. On Request allows users to update data from the master drive to the recovery drive manually using the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility in the operating system. On Request also allows users to restore the master drive to a previous state.

		chnology - Option ROM - 13.0.0.207: orporation. All Rights Reserved.	5	
	Na RAID Le Di Strip S Capac	VOLUME MENU ] me: Volume0 vel: Recovery sks: Select Disks size: N/A prity: 0.0 GB yne: Continuous Create Volume		
[ HELP ] Select a sync option: On Request: volume is updated manually Continuous: volume is updated automatically				
[↑↓]-Change	[TAB]-Next	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Select	
Figure 18				



Step 5:

Finally press <Enter> on the Create Volume item to begin creating the Recovery Volume and follow the onscreen instructions to complete.

#### Delete RAID Volume

To delete a RAID array, select **Delete RAID Volume** in **MAIN MENU** and press <Enter>. In the **DELETE VOLUME MENU** section, use the up or down arrow key to select the array to be deleted and press <Delete>. When prompted to confirm your selection (Figure 19), press <Y> to confirm or <N> to abort.





#### **Acceleration Options**

This option allows you to view the status of your accelerated drive/volume (Figure 20) created using the Intel<sup>®</sup> IRST utility. In case you are unable to run the Intel<sup>®</sup> IRST utility due to an application error or operating system issue, you will need to remove acceleration or manually enable synchronization (Maximized mode only) using this option in the RAID ROM utility.

Steps:

#### Select Acceleration Options in MAIN MENU and press <Enter>.

To remove the acceleration, select the accelerated drive/volume, press <R>, and press <Y> to confirm. To synchronize data from the cache device to the accelerated drive/volume, press <S> and press <Y> to confirm.


# 3-2 Installing the SATA RAID/AHCI Driver and Operating System

With the correct BIOS settings, you are ready to install the operating system.

# A. Installing the Operating System

As Windows 7 already include Intel SATA RAID/AHCI driver, you do not need to install separate RAID/AHCI driver during the Windows installation process. After the operating system is installed, we recommend that you install all required drivers from the motherboard driver disk using "Xpress Install" to ensure system performance and compatibility. To install Windows 8.1/8, refer to the steps below:

Step 1:

Copy the IRST folder under BootDrv in the driver disk to your USB thumb drive.

Step 2:

Boot from the Windows 8.1/8 setup disk and perform standard OS installation steps. When the screen requesting you to load the driver appears, select **Browse**.

Step 3:

Then browse to the USB flash drive and select the location of the driver. The locations of the drivers are as follows: Windows 32-bit: \iRST\32Bit Windows 64-bit: \iRST\64Bit

Step 4:

When a screen as shown in Figure 1 appears, select Intel(R) Desktop/Workstation/Server Express Chipset SATA RAID Controller and click Next to load the driver and continue the OS installation.

🚱 🕰 Windows Setup	×
Select the driver to install	
Intel(R) Desktog/Workstation/Server Express Chipset SATA RAID Controller (G:\RST\328it)iaStorAC.inf)	
Hide drivers that aren't compatible with this computer's hardware.	
Brgwse <u>B</u> escan	lex

Figure 1

## B. Rebuilding an Array

Rebuilding is the process of restoring data to a hard drive from other drives in the array. Rebuilding applies only to fault-tolerant arrays such as RAID 1, RAID 5 or RAID 10 arrays. The procedures below assume a new drive is added to replace a failed drive to rebuild a RAID 1 array. (Note: The new drive must have equal or greater capacity than the old one.)

Turn off your computer and replace the failed hard drive with a new one. Restart your computer.

#### Enabling Automatic Rebuild

Step 1:

When the message "Press <Ctrl-I> to enter Configuration Utility" appears, press <Ctrl> + <I> to enter the RAID Configuration Utility. The following screen appears after you enter the RAID Configuration Utility.



#### Step 2:

Select the new hard drive to add into the array to be rebuilt and press <Enter>. The following screen appears, indicating that an automatic rebuild will be performed after you enter the operating system. If you do not enable automatic rebuild on this stage, you have to manually rebuild the array in the operating system (see the next page for more details).



#### · Performing the Rebuild in the Operating System

While in the operating system, make sure the chipset driver has been installed from the motherboard driver disk. Then launch the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology utility from the desktop.



Step 1:

Go to the Manage menu and click Rebuild to another disk in Manage Volume.



The **Status** item on the left of the screen displays the rebuild progress.



# Step 2:

Select a new drive to rebuild the RAID and click **Rebuild**.



# Step 3:

After the RAID volume rebuilding, the **Status** will display as **Normal**.

#### · Restoring the Master Drive to a Previous State (for Recovery Volume only)

When two hard drives are set to Recovery Volume in Update on Request mode, you can restore the master drive data to the last backup state when needed. For example, in case the master drive detects a virus, you can restore the recovery drive data to the master drive.

#### Step 1:

Select 4. Recovery Volume Options in the MAIN MENU of the Intel<sup>®</sup> RAID Configuration Utility. On the RECOVERY VOLUMES OPTIONS menu, select Enable Only Recovery Disk to show the recovery drive in the operating system. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete and exit the RAID Configuration Utility.

		orage Technology - Option R () Intel Corporation. All Rig		075	
	[ RECOVERY VOLUME OPTIONS ] 1. Enable Only Recovery Disk 2. Enable Only Master Disk				
	[ SI				
Name Volum	Level e0 Recovery(OnReq	Capacity ) 465.7GB	Status NeedsUpo	Bootable late Yes	
	Select a Recovery volume to do the operation.				
	[↑↓]-select	[ESC]-Previous Menu	[ENTER]-Se	elect	
A series of the	and integra behaviory (* 1997)	wweek	ure you want to copy all the ING: Completing this action v in continue using other applic R 3:		Yes

#### Step 2:

Go to the Manage menu of the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology utility and click **Recover data** in Manage Volume.



The **Status** item on the left of the screen displays the rebuild progress.





After the recovery volume is completed, the **Status** will display as **Normal**.

# Chapter 4 Drivers Installation



- Before installing the drivers, first install the operating system. (The following instructions use Windows 8.1 as the example operating system.)
- After installing the operating system, insert the motherboard driver disk into your optical drive. Click on the message "Tap to choose what happens with this disc" on the top-right corner of the screen and select "Run Run.exe." (Or go to My Computer, double-click the optical drive and execute the Run.exe program.)

# 4-1 Chipset Drivers

"Xpress Install" will automatically scan your system and then list all of the drivers that are recommended to install. You can click the **Xpress Install** button and "Xpress Install" will install all of the selected drivers. Or click the arrow **O** icon to individually install the drivers you need.

8	Intel 9 Series 1.1 B14.0317.1 – 🗇 💌			
GIGABYTE	Xpress Install			
Chipset Drivers	Install Chipset Drivers We recommend that you install the drivers listed below for your motherboard. Please click "Xpress install" to install all the drivers submitted.			
A Application Software	Click the Sutton on the right of an application to install it Xpress Install			
•	Google Drive 💽 Version:1.7.4018.3496 Size:23.32MB			
Information	Store your files safely and access them from any device. By installing this application, you agree to the Google DriveTerms and Use and the Privacy Policy.			
Google	Google Chrome, a faster way to browse the web 🕑 Version 22.0.1229.95 Size 34.13MB			
Chrome	Google Search built into the address bar Stable and Secure By Installing this application, you agree to the Google Chrome Terms of use and Privacy Policy.			
	Google Toolbar for Internet Explorer 📀 Version 7 4 3230 2052 Size 23 32MB			
	Google Toolbar makes web browsing more convenient. Search from any website; Translate web pages instantly, Share your favorite sites with finend. By installing this application you agree to the Google Toolbar Terms and Conditions and the Privacy Policy.			
	Version:2014 Size:213.10MB			
	Your Power Against Online Threat. Stops Viruses, spyware, and cybercriminal with real-time protection.			



- Please ignore the popup dialog box(es) (e.g. the **Found New Hardware Wizard**) displayed when "Xpress Install" is installing the drivers. Failure to do so may affect the driver installation.
- Some device drivers will restart your system automatically during the driver installation. After the system restart, "Xpress Install" will continue to install other drivers.

# 4-2 Application Software

This page displays the apps that GIGABYTE develops and some free software. You can select the apps you want and click the **Install** of icon to begin the installation.



# 4-3 Information

This page provides detailed information on the drivers on the driver disk. The **Contact** page provides contact information of the GIGABYTE Taiwan headquarter. You can click the URL on this page to link to the GIGA-BYTE website to check more information on the GIGABYTE headquarter or worldwide branch offices.

S			Intel 9 Series 1.1 B14.0317.1	- 0 >
GIGABYTE	Xp	Xpress Install		
Chipset Drivers		nical Manuals n save, print, or e-mail the :	system information by clicking the buttons below.	
A Application		Driver Disk	Contents Contact	
Application Software		nipset		
:		HECI	Intel(R) Management Engine Interface.	
		INFUpdate	Intel(R) Chipset Device Software.	
Information		IntelUSB30	Intel USB 3.0 Driver.	
		IRST	Intel Rapid Storage Technology driver.	
Google		RenesasUSB	Renesas USB 3.0 Driver.	
		Vga	Intel VGA Driver.	
	Ar	itivirus		
	•	Norton	Norton Internet Security.	
	AL	idio		
	•	Creative	Creative Sound Driver.	
		Creative SB	Creative Utility.	
	•	Realtek	Realtek Audio Driver.	
	•	VIA	VIA Audio Driver.	
	Bo	ootDrv		
	•	iRST	Intel Rapid Storage Boot driver	

# Chapter 5 Unique Features

# 5-1 BIOS Update Utilities

GIGABYTE motherboards provide two unique BIOS update tools, Q-Flash<sup>™</sup> and @BIOS<sup>™</sup>. GIGABYTE Q-Flash and @BIOS are easy-to-use and allow you to update the BIOS without the need to enter MS-DOS mode. Additionally, this motherboard features the DualBIOS<sup>™</sup> design, which enhances protection for the safety and stability of your computer by adding one more physical BIOS chip.

# What is DualBIOS<sup>™</sup>?

Motherboards that support DualBIOS have two BIOS onboard, a main BIOS and a backup BIOS. Normally, the system works on the main BIOS. However, if the main BIOS is corrupted or damaged, the backup BIOS will take over on the next system boot and copy the BIOS file to the main BIOS to ensure normal system operation. For the sake of system safety, users cannot update the backup BIOS manually.

# What is Q-Flash<sup>™</sup>?

With Q-Flash you can update the system BIOS without having to enter operating systems like MS-DOS or Window first. Embedded in the BIOS, the Q-Flash tool frees you from the hassles of going through complicated BIOS flashing process.

# What is @BIOS<sup>™</sup>?

@BIOS allows you to update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. @BIOS will download the latest BIOS file from the nearest @BIOS server site and update the BIOS.

# 5-1-1 Updating the BIOS with the Q-Flash Utility

# A. Before You Begin

- 1. From GIGABYTE's website, download the latest compressed BIOS update file that matches your motherboard model.
- 2. Extract the file and save the new BIOS file (e.g. Z97XUD3HBK.F1) to your USB flash drive, or hard drive. Note: The USB flash drive or hard drive must use FAT32/16/12 file system.
- 3. Restart the system. During the POST, press the <End> key to enter Q-Flash. Note: You can access Q-Flash by either pressing the <End> key during the POST or pressing the <F8> key in BIOS Setup. However, if the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.



Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky, please do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

# B. Updating the BIOS

In the main menu of Q-Flash, use the keyboard or mouse to select an item to execute. When updating the BIOS, choose the location where the BIOS file is saved. The following procedure assumes that you save the BIOS file to a USB flash drive.

Step 1:

1. Insert the USB flash drive containing the BIOS file into the computer. In the main menu of Q-Flash, select Update BIOS From Drive.



- The **Save BIOS to Drive** option allows you to save the current BIOS file.
- S• Q-Flash only supports USB flash drive or hard drives using FAT32/16/12 file system.
- If the BIOS update file is saved to a hard drive in RAID/AHCI mode or a hard drive attached to an independent SATA controller, use the <End> key during the POST to access Q-Flash.

#### 2. Select USB Flash Drive.

	Q-Flash Utility v1.05		
Mode	el Name : Z97X-UD3H-BK		
BIOS	S Version : F1a		
BIOS	5 Date : 03/31/2014		
Flash	Type/Size : MXIC 25L6465E/6406	E 8MB	
Update BIOS From Drive			
Select Device			
	Scient Device		
USB Flash Drive			

3. Select the BIOS update file.



Step 2:

The process of the system reading the BIOS file from the USB flash drive is displayed on the screen. When the message "Are you sure to update BIOS?" appears, select **Yes** to begin the BIOS update. The monitor will display the update process.



Do not turn off or restart the system when the system is reading/updating the BIOS.

Do not remove the USB flash drive or hard drive when the system is updating the BIOS.

Step 3:

The system will restart after the update process is complete.

Step 4:

During the POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS Setup. Select Load Optimized Defaults on the Save & Exit screen and press <Enter> to load BIOS defaults. System will re-detect all peripheral devices after a BIOS update, so we recommend that you reload BIOS defaults.



Select Yes to load BIOS defaults

Step 5:

Select **Save & Exit Setup** and press <Enter>. And then select **Yes** to save settings to CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. The procedure is complete after the system restarts.

# 5-1-2 Updating the BIOS with the @BIOS Utility

# A. Before You Begin

- In Windows, close all applications and TSR (Terminate and Stay Resident) programs. This helps prevent unexpected failures when performing a BIOS update.
- If the BIOS is being updated via the Internet, ensure the Internet connection is stable and do NOT interrupt the Internet connection (for example, avoid a power loss or switching off the Internet). Failure to do so may result in a corrupted BIOS or a system that is unable to start.



 GIGABYTE product warranty does not cover any BIOS damage or system failure resulting from an inadequate BIOS flashing.

# B. Using @BIOS

## 1. Update the BIOS Using the Internet Update Function:



Click **Update from Server**, select the @BIOS server site closest to your location and then download the BIOS file that matches your motherboard model. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.



If the BIOS update file for your motherboard is not present on the @BIOS server site, please manually download the BIOS update file from GIGABYTE's website and follow the instructions in "Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function" below.

# 2. Update the BIOS without Using the Internet Update Function:



Click **Update from File**, then select the location where you save the BIOS update file obtained from the Internet or through other source. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.

3. Save the Current BIOS File:



Click Save to File to save the current BIOS file.

# 4. Change the Boot-up Logo:



Click **Upload new image** in Face-Wizard and you will be able to change the boot-up logo with your own picture, creating a personalized boot-up screen. Click **Backup current image** to save the currently used boot-up logo.



Supported image formats include jpg, bmp, and gif.

# C. After Updating the BIOS

Restart your system after updating the BIOS.



- Make sure that the BIOS file to be flashed matches your motherboard model. Updating the BIOS with an incorrect BIOS file could cause your system not to boot.
- Do not turn off the system or remove the power during the BIOS update process, or the BIOS may corrupt and the system may not boot.

# 5-2 APP Center

GIGABYTE App Center gives you easy access to a wealth of GIGABYTE apps that help you get the most from your GIGABYTE motherboard <sup>(Note)</sup>. Using a simple, unified user interface, GIGABYTE App Center allows you to easily launch all GIGABYTE apps installed on your system, check related updates online, and download the apps, drivers, and BIOS.

# **Running the APP Center**

Insert the motherboard driver disk. On the Autorun screen, go to Application Software\Install GIGABYTE Utilities to install GIGABYTE App Center and the selected apps. Restart your computer after the installation is complete. In Desktop mode, click the App Center icon in the notification area to launch the App Center utility (Figure 1). On the main menu, you can select an app to run or click Live Update to update an app online.



Figure 1

If the App Center is closed, you can restart it by clicking the App Center icon on the Apps menu (Figure 2).





(Note) Available applications in APP Center may differ by motherboard model. Supported functions of each application may also differ depending on motherboard specifications.

# 5-2-1 EasyTune

GIGABYTE's EasyTune is a simple and easy-to-use interface that allows users to fine-tune their system settings or do overclock/overvoltage in Windows environment.

# The EasyTune Interface



## **Tabs Information**

Tab	Description
Smart Quick Boost	The <b>Smart Quick Boost</b> tab provides you with different levels of CPU frequency to choose to achieve desired system performance. After making changes, be sure to restart your system for these changes to take effect.
Advanced CPU OC	The <b>Advanced CPU OC</b> tab allows you to set CPU base clock, frequency, and voltages, and integrated graphics frequency. You can save the current settings to a profile. You can create up to 2 profiles.
Advanced DDR OC	The Advanced DDR OC tab allows you to set the memory clock.



Available functions in EasyTune may differ by motherboard model. Grayed-out area(s) indicates that the item is not configurable or the function is not supported.



Incorrectly doing overclock/overvoltage may result in damage to the hardware components such as CPU, chipset, and memory and reduce the useful life of these components. Before you do the overclock/overvoltage, make sure that you fully know each function of EasyTune, or system instability or other unexpected results may occur.

# 5-2-2 System Information Viewer

GIGABYTE System Information Viewer allows you to monitor and adjust the fan speed in the operating system. You can also display the hardware monitor information on the desktop to view the system status at any time.



# The System Information Viewer Interface

## **Tabs Information**

Tab	Description	
System	The <b>System Information</b> tab provides information on the installed CPU and motherboard and the BIOS version.	
Smart Fan Auto	The Smart Fan Auto tab allows you to specify a Smart Fan mode	
Same for Advice	The <b>Smart Fan Advance</b> tab allows you to adjust the smart fan speed. The fans will run at different speeds according to system temperatures. Using the <b>Smart Fan</b> option you can adjust the fan's workload according system temperatures or you can fix the fan speeds using the <b>RPM Fixed Mode</b> option. Click the <b>Calibrate</b> button and the fan speed will be shown in relation to overall fan workload after calibration. The <b>Reset</b> button can revert the fan settings back to the last saved values.	
System Alerts	The <b>System Alerts</b> tab allows you to monitor hardware temperature, voltage and fan speed, and set temperature/fan speed alarm.	
Record	The <b>Record</b> tab allows you to record changes in system voltages, temperatures, and fan speeds. Please note, the recording will stop if you exit the <b>Record</b> tab during the recording process.	



The speed control function requires the use of a fan with fan speed control design.

# 5-2-3 EZ Setup

The GIGABYTE EZ Setup utility includes the following 'EZ' setups applications that will offer greatly simplified install and configuration procedures: Disk Mode Switch, EZ Smart Response, EZ Rapid Start, EZ Smart Connect, and XHD.

## **Disk Mode Switch**

Disk Mode Switch allows you to switch the operating mode for your hard drive even after it's been installed with an operating system. Supported operating modes include IDE, AHCI, and RAID. You can select a disk mode and restart your computer after the selection.



- Native UEFI mode is not supported.
- Be sure to reinstall the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility after you switch the disk mode.

GIGABYTE	EZ Setup	$\Theta \otimes \otimes$
Disk Mode Switch	Disk Mode Switch	
EZ Smart Response		
EZ Rapid Start	ide Ahci Raid	
EZ Smart Connect	Current Mode:AHCI	
X XHD		

# **EZ Smart Response**

## A. System Requirements

- 1. An Intel® Chipset-based motherboard supporting this feature
- 2. Intel® Core series processor
- 3. Intel® SATA controllers set to RAID mode
- 4. Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility installed (Note 1)
- 5. A conventional SATA disk and an SSD (Note 2)
- 6. Windows 7 with SP1/Windows 8/Windows 8.1 (Note 3)



If you have installed the operating system before configuring the Smart Response Technology, all original data on the SSD will be lost once you enable RAID mode<sup>(Note 4)</sup>. It is recommended that you back up the hard disk before enabling the Smart Response Technology.

# B. Using EZ Smart Response

Select **EZ Smart Response** and click **Create**. To disable this function, click **Delete**.



- (Note 1) Before start, make sure you have installed the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility (version 11.5 or above).
- (Note 2) The SSD works as a cache of the hard disk. The maximum cache memory size is 64 GB. If you use an SSD larger than 64 GB, the space beyond 64 GB can still be used for storing your data.
- (Note 3) The operating system must be installed to the SATA disk.
- (Note 4) Regardless of the BIOS settings, be it IDE or AHCI mode, the system will be forced to RAID mode.

# **EZ Rapid Start**

#### A. System Requirements

- 1. Intel® Rapid Start Technology enabled in BIOS Setup
- 2. An SSD with size larger than the total system memory
- 3. Windows 7 with SP1/Windows 8/Windows 8.1
- AHCI/RAID mode supported please note if the SSD has been assigned as a member of a RAID array, it cannot be used to set up and Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Start store partition); IDE mode not supported <sup>(Note)</sup>

# **B. Using EZ Rapid Start**

Select **EZ Rapid Start** and click **Create**. Then install the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Start Technology utility and restart your computer to complete.

To disable this function, click **Delete**.

GIGABYTE	EZ Setup	$\Theta \otimes \otimes$
Disk Mode Switch	EZ Rapid Start	
EZ Smart Response	Memory Size 1,073,741,824 By	/te
EZ Rapid	1.0 TB	64 GB
EZ Smart Connect	<ul> <li>SAMSUNG HD103UJ</li> <li>1,000,200,658,432 Byte</li> <li>Type-HDD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Kingston SSDNow V Series 64G8</li> <li>64,023,257,088 Byte</li> <li>Type-SSD</li> </ul>
×HD		Create



- The default compressed space is the system memory size plus 2 GB. For example, if the system
  memory size is 8 GB, the default compressed space is 8 GB plus 2 GB, so the SSD capacity will
  decrease by 10 GB. If EZ Rapid Start is disabled, the decreased 10 GB will be returned to the SSD.
- If you want to upgrade your system memory, disable EZ Rapid Start first and re-install it to ensure it can work normally.
- (Note) If the motherboard Chipset supports RAID, EZ Rapid Start will force the Intel® SATA controllers into RAID mode. If not, the Intel® SATA controllers will be forced into AHCI mode.

Unique Features

# **EZ Smart Connect**

#### A. System Requirements

- 1. Intel® Smart Connect Technology enabled in BIOS Setup
- 2. Windows 7 with SP1/Windows 8/Windows 8.1
- 3. Intel® Smart Connect Technology utility installed
- 4. Properly-working network connection
- 5. Programs added to the White List must be turned on  $^{(\mbox{Note})}$

# **B. Using EZ Smart Connect**

Select **EZ Smart Connect**. Under **File Name**, select the apps to be auto-updated by Smart Connect. Doubleclick the app to add it to the **Application permission list**. (Double-click **L** to return to the previous directory.)

GIGABYTE	EZ Setup	
Disk Mode Switch	Smart Connect	
	File Name	Application permission list
EZ Smart Response	desktop.ini Desktop.lnk	
$\rightarrow$	Immersive Control Panel.ink	I
(EZ) EZ Rapid	Mindows Store.Ink	
Start	Accessories Administrative Tools	
$\frown$	Administrative Tools Gigabyte	
(EZ) EZ Smart		
EZ Smart Connect	Google Chrome Google Drive	
	Caugar Drive	
Х		

(Note) This feature works best with programs designed to work automatically with the Internet to obtain their data such as Outlook<sup>®</sup>, Windows Live<sup>™</sup> Mail, and Seesmic<sup>®</sup>.

## XHD

With GIGABYTE XHD (Note 1), users can quickly configure a RAID-ready system for RAID 0 or RAID 1 when a new SATA drive is added. All with a simple click of a button, XHD helps to enhance your hard drive read/write performance without the need for complex and time-consuming configurations.

# A. System Requirements

- 1. An Intel® Chipset motherboard supporting RAID
- 2. Intel® SATA controllers set to RAID mode
- 3. Intel® Rapid Storage Technology utility installed
- 4. Windows 7 with SP1/Windows 8/Windows 8.1
- 5. Intel® SATA controller driver installed

# B. Using XHD

Select XHD and click Create RAID 0 or Create RAID 1 based on your need (Note 2).

GIGABYTE	EZ Setup	$\Theta \otimes \otimes$
Disk Mode Switch	ХНД	
EZ Smart Response		
EZ Rapid Start	500 <sub>GB</sub> 1.0 тв	
EZ Smart Connect	Husch H055710502,0460     Souti Sub Control Sub C	
XHD XHD		e RAID 0 e RAID 1

- (Note 1) The XHD utility only supports the SATA connectors controlled by the Intel® Chipset.
- (Note 2) Except for the operating system drive, all data on other hard drive will be deleted. Back up your data before using the XHD utility.

Unique Features

# 5-2-4 Fast Boot

Through the simple GIGABYTE Fast Boot (Note 1) interface, you can enable or change the Fast Boot or Next Boot After AC Power Loss setting right in the operating system.

# The Fast Boot Interface



# **Using Fast Boot**

#### BIOS Fast Boot:

This option is the same as the **Fast Boot** option (Note 2) in BIOS Setup. It allows you to enable or disable the fast boot function to shorten OS boot time.

AC OFF Mode:

This option is the same as the **Next Boot After AC Power Loss** option (Note 2) in BIOS Setup. It allows you to select the system bootup mode upon the return of an AC power loss. (This mode is configurable only when **BIOS Fast Boot** is set to **Fast** or **Ultra Fast**.)

After you configure the setting, click **Save** to save and click **Exit**. The settings will take effect on next boot. If you click the **Enter BIOS Setup Now** button, the system will restart and enter BIOS Setup immediately.

(Note 1) This function is supported by Windows 8.1/8 only.

(Note 2) For more details about this function, refer to Chapter 2, "BIOS Features."

# 5-2-5 Smart TimeLock

GIGABYTE Smart TimeLock allows you to effectively manage computer or Internet usage time with simple rules and options.

# The Smart TimeLock Interface

GIGABYTE	$\ominus \otimes$
Smart TimeLo	
Weekday (Monday~Friday)	Weekend (Saturday~Sunday)
	Allowed Time:
2.0 hours a day	6.0 hours a day
Weekday (Sunday~Thursday)	
10:00:00 PM - 7:00:00 AM -	10:00:00 PM 7:00:00 AM -
Click the lock button to change setting.	Lock Mode:
	ShutDown
Save Ext	

## Using Smart TimeLock

Click the lock icon of on the bottom left corner and enter the password (Note). Set the time when a user can or cannot use your computer for weekdays and weekends. The **Lock Mode** on the bottom right corner allows you to choose to turn off the computer or only close the Internet connection during the specified time period. Click **Save** to save the settings and click **Exit** to exit.

An alert will appear 15 minutes and 1 minute prior to the default shutdown time. When the alert appears, you can enter the password to extend the usage time or click **Cancel** to close the alert. If you respond **Cancel**, you will be requested to enter the password to extend the usage time again when the default shutdown time arrives, or the computer will shutdown right away.

(Note) You can set the User Password in the system BIOS Setup program to prevent the system time being changed by other users.

# 5-2-6 Smart Recovery 2

Smart Recovery 2 allows you to back up a partition as an image file every hour. You can use these images to restore your system or files when needed.



The Smart Recovery 2 main menu:

Button	Description
Settings	Allows you to select the source and destination partition
Backup Now	Allows you to perform the backup immediately
File Allows you to recover your files from the back	
Recovery	image
System	Allows you to recover your system from the
Recovery	backup image

Smart Recovery 2 only supports NTFS file system.

- You need to select the destination partition in Settings the first time you use Smart Recovery 2.
- The Backup Now button will be available only after you log in Windows for ten minutes.
- Select the Always run on next reboot checkbox to automatically enable Smart Recovery2 after system reboot.

Drive	Total Space
B DE WDC WD800JD-22LSA0	74.530GB
- 2 C/[]	74.015GB
E C300-MTFDDAC256MAG	238.474GB
	0.098GB
	238.374GB
•	
elect the badiup destination.	
elect the backup destination.	Total Space
elect the badiup destination. Drive	238.474GB
elect the backup destination.	

# Creating a backup:

Click the **Settings** button on the main menu. In the **Settings** dialog box, select the source partition and destination partition and click **OK**. The initial backup will start after 10 minutes and regular backup will be performed hourly. Note: By default, all partitions on the system drive are selected as the backup source. The backup destination cannot be on the same partition as the backup source.

# Saving the backup to a network location:

If you want to save the backup to a network location, select **Browse network location**. Make sure your computer and the computer where you want to save the backup are in the same domain. Choose the network location where you want to store the backup and enter the user name and password. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete.



# Recovering a file:

Click the **File Recovery** button on the main menu. Use the time slider on the top of the popped out window to select a previous backup time. The right pane will display the backed-up partitions in the backup destination (in the **My Backup** folder). Browse to the file you want and copy it.

GIGABYTE <sup></sup>	8
Smart Recovery 2	
Soldup Location Select the partition where the backup is located.	
Boliup Tineline 5/0/2014 259:45	
3/10/2014 2:50:43 3/10/2014 2:50:43	
Partition to restore Select the partition where you want to restore the backup to. By default, all of the backed up partitions will be selected.	
El C:\(Empty)	
Al of the user data and any and the ended and resided with those of descent backing. And are to back up your data before the restoration if meeted.	

# Recovering your system with Smart Recovery 2: Steps:

- 1. Click the System Recovery button on the main menu.
- 2. Select the location where your backup is saved.
- 3. Use the time slider to select a time point.
- 4. Select a partition backup created on the selected time point and click **Restore**.
- Confirm whether to restart your system to proceed with the restore immediately or later. Once you respond "Yes" the system will restart to the Windows recovery environment. Follow the onscreen instructions to restore your system.



All of your files and programs will be deleted and replaced with those on the selected backup. If needed, be sure to make a copy of your data before the restore.

# 5-2-7 USB Blocker

GIGABYTE USB Blocker provides you with an easy-to-use interface that allows you to block certain USB device types on your PC. Devices classes that are blocked will be ignored by the operating system.

# The USB Blocker Interface

$\Theta \otimes \otimes$
Status
Unblocked
ОК

# Using USB Blocker

Select the class of USB device that you would like to block or unblocked. Double left-click to change the **Blocked** or **Unblocked** status and click **OK**. Then enter your password and click **OK** to complete.

# 5-2-8 Smart Switch

GIGABYTE Smart Switch provides you with the conventional Windows start menu, allowing you to easily access to the apps that you frequently use. You can also select the default screen displayed after you enter Windows.

# The Smart Switch Interface



# Using Smart Switch

The Smart Switch icon **H** will appear on the bottom left corner of the traditional Windows desktop screen after Smart Switch is installed. Left-click the icon to see the screen as that shown above and you can set the default screen displayed after you enter Windows.

# Chapter 6 Appendix

# 6-1 Configuring Audio Input and Output

# 6-1-1 Configuring 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio

The motherboard provides five audio jacks on the back panel which support 2/4/5.1/7.1-channel (Note) audio. The picture to the right shows the default audio jack assignments.

The integrated HD (High Definition) audio provides jack retasking capability that allows the user to change the function for each jack through the audio driver.

(Supported functions may vary based on hardware specification.)



- To install a microphone, connect your microphone to the Mic in jack and manually configure the jack for microphone functionality.
- If you install a Side Speaker, you need to retask other audio jack to be Side Speaker out.
- Audio signals will be present on both of the front and back panel audio connections simultaneously.
   If you want to mute the back panel audio (only supported when using an HD front panel audio module), refer to instructions on the next page.

## High Definition Audio (HD Audio)

HD Audio includes multiple high quality digital-to-analog converters (DACs) and features multistreaming capabilities that allow multiple audio streams (in and out) to be simultaneously processed. For example, users can listen to MP3 music, have an Internet chat, make a telephone call over the Internet, and etc. all at the same time.

# A. Configuring Speakers

(The following instructions use Windows 8.1 as the example operating system.)

#### Step 1:

After installing the audio driver, restart your computer. Then switch to Windows desktop mode. The **HD Audio Manager** icon **i** will appear in the notification area. Double-click the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.



2

(Note) 2/4/5.1/7.1-Channel Audio Configurations:

Refer to the following for multi-channel speaker configurations.

- · 2-channel audio: Headphone or Line out.
- 4-channel audio: Front speaker out and Rear speaker out.
- 5.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, and Center/Subwoofer speaker out.
- 7.1-channel audio: Front speaker out, Rear speaker out, Center/Subwoofer speaker out, and Side speaker out.

#### Step 2:

Connect an audio device to an audio jack. The **The current** connected device is dialog box appears. Select the device according to the type of device you connect. Then click **OK**.



On the **Speakers** screen, click the **Speaker Configuration** tab. In the **Speaker Configuration** list, select **Stereo**, **Quadraphonic**, **5.1 Speaker**, or **7.1 Speaker** according to the type of speaker configuration you wish to set up. Then the speaker setup is completed.





#### **B. Configuring Sound Effect**

You may configure an audio environment on the Sound Effects tab.

#### C. Activating an AC'97 Front Panel Audio Module

If your chassis provides an AC'97 front panel audio module, to activate the AC'97 functionality, click the tool icon on the **Speaker Configuration** tab. On the **Connector Settings** dialog box, select the **Disable front panel jack detection** check box. Click **OK** to complete.

40	Connecto	r Settings	- X.
	panel jack detection ropup dialog, when device has b	een plugged in Cancel	



## D. Muting the Back Panel Audio (For HD Audio Only)

Click Device advanced settings on the top right corner on the Speaker Configuration tab to open the Device advanced settings dialog box. Select the Mute the rear output device, when a front headphone plugged in check box. Click OK to complete.

	Device advanced settings
Mutert	Nevice
	ront and rear output devices playback two different audio streams neously.
Recording	Device
O Tie up	same type of input jacks, i.e. line-in or microphone, as an input device.
O Separa	ite all input jacks as independent input devices.
	OK Capel



Appendix

# 6-1-2 Configuring S/PDIF Out

The S/PDIF Out jack can transmit audio signals to an external decoder for decoding to get the best audio quality.

#### 1. Connecting a S/PDIF Out Cable:

Connect a S/PDIF optical cable to the corresponding S/PDIF out connector as shown below and an external decoder for transmitting the S/PDIF digital audio signals.



Connects to a S/PDIF optical cable

## 2. Configuring S/PDIF Out:

On the **Digital Output(Optical)** screen (Note), click the **Default Format** tab and then select the sample rate and bit depth. Click **OK** to complete.

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	Speakers The Degrad Culpure (Control Culpure)	Device advanced settings
Speakers         Time bytes (0.49.45)prind)         Time bytes (0.49.45)prind)         Denice a document		
Sound	Checks [Sefuel: Format]	• •
		Front Panel
	Select the sample rate and bit depth to be used when numing in shared mode.	
GIG	ABYTE'	) x

(Note) Enter the Digital Output(Optical) screen to configure further settings if you use the S/PDIF Out connector(s) on the back panel for digital audio output or enter the Digital Output screen if you use the internal S/PDIF Out connector (SPDIF\_O) for digital audio output.

# 6-1-3 Configuring Microphone Recording

## Step 1:

Switch to Windows desktop mode. The **HD Audio Manager** icon **i** will appear in the notification area. Double-click the icon to access the **HD Audio Manager**.





#### Step 2:

Connect your microphone to the Mic in jack (pink) on the back panel or the Mic in jack (pink) on the front panel. Note: The microphone functions on the front panel and back panel cannot be used at the same time.



#### Step 3:

Go to the **Microphone** screen. Do not mute the recording volume, or you'll not be able to record the sound. To hear the sound being recorded during the recording process, do not mute the playback volume. It is recommended that you set the volumes at a middle level.



#### Step 4:

To raise the recording and playback volume for the microphone, click the **Microphone Boost** icon **W** on the right of the **Recording Volume** slider and set the Microphone Boost level.

Aicrophone Boos



Appendix

0.0 dB

#### Step 5:

To open the Sound Recorder, move the mouse cursor to the bottom left corner of the screen, click the Start 💷 icon to switch to the **Start** screen (or press the Windows the button on the keyboard). Click the 💿 icon on the bottom left corner of the screen to access the **Apps** screen.



Step 6:

On this screen, click **Sound Recorder** for audio recording.

Apps				
	Storage	Notepad	Windows Media Player	
AD9 Center		🛷 Paint	WordPad	
🐻 Uninstall AppCenter	Norton Internet Security	Remote Desktop Connection	XPS Viewer	25
		Sripping Tool		
oogle Chrome	Snagit 7	Sound Recorder	Magniler	
		<b>B</b>	Narrator	?
Google Drive	Calculator	Sticky Notes	On-Screen Keyboard	
	Character Map	Windows Fax and Scan	Windows Speech Recognition	
Intel(R) Update Manager	Math Input Panel	Windows Journal		43

# \* Enabling Stereo Mix

If the HD Audio Manager does not display the recording device you wish to use, refer to the steps below. The following steps explain how to enable Stereo Mix (which may be needed when you want to record sound from your computer).

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Step 1:

Switch to Windows desktop mode. Locate the 10 icon in the notification area and right-click on this icon. Select **Recording devices**.



#### Step 2:

On the **Recording** tab, right-click on an empty space and select **Show Disabled Devices**.

Step 3:

When the **Stereo Mix** item appears, right-click on this item and select **Enable**. Then set it as the default device.

Step 4:

Now you can access the HD Audio Manager to configure Stereo Mix and use Sound Recorder to record the sound.

	Realtek HD Audio Manager	
Coper Cup	autijasai) 🗊 Digas Duput 🖉 Maraphane 🖘 Stereo Ha	Device advanced actives
Recording Volume	v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	ANALOG Back Panel
	Drbatt Foroat	Provit Panel
	tak Bits, 46000 kg (pvD Quality) V	0
	Select the sample rate and bit depth to be used when running in shared mode.	DIGITAL
GIGABYTE		

OK Cancel

rding Sounds Co

Set Default V Pro

# 6-1-4 Using the Sound Recorder



#### A. Recording Sound

- 1. Make sure you have connected the sound input device (e.g. microphone) to the computer.
- 2. To record the audio, click the Start Recording button Start Recording.
- 3. To stop recording audio, click the Stop Recording button . Stop Recording.

Be sure to save the recorded audio file upon completion.

#### **B. Playing the Recorded Sound**

You can play your recording in a digital media player program that supports your audio file format.

# 6-2 Troubleshooting

# 6-2-1 Frequently Asked Questions

To read more FAQs for your motherboard, please go to the **Support & Downloads\FAQ** page on GIGABYTE's website.

- Q: Why is the light of my keyboard/optical mouse still on after the computer shuts down?
- A: Some motherboards provide a small amount of standby power after the computer shuts down and that's why the light is still on.
- Q: How do I clear the CMOS values?
- A: For motherboards that have a Clear CMOS button, press this button to clear the CMOS values (before doing this, please turn off the computer and unplug the power cord). For motherboards that have a Clear CMOS jumper, refer to the instructions in Chapter 1 to short the jumper to clear the CMOS values. If your board doesn't have this jumper/button, refer to the instructions on the motherboard battery in Chapter 1. You can temporarily remove the battery from the battery holder to stop supplying power to the CMOS, which will clear the CMOS values after about one minute.
- Q: Why do I still get a weak sound even though I have turned my speaker to the maximum volume?
- A: Make sure your speaker is equipped with an internal amplifier. If not, try a speaker with power/amplifier.

# 6-2-2 Troubleshooting Procedure

If you encounter any troubles during system startup, follow the troubleshooting procedure below to solve the problem.







If the procedure above is unable to solve your problem, contact the place of purchase or local dealer for help. Or go to the **Support & Downloads\Technical Support** page to submit your question. Our customer service staff will reply you as soon as possible.

# **Regulatory Statements**

## Regulatory Notices

This document must not be copied without our written permission, and the contents there of must not be imparted to a third party nor be used for any unauthorized purpose. Contravention will be prosecuted. We believe that the information contained herein was accurate in all respects at the time of printing. GIGABYTE cannot, however, assume any responsibility for errors or omissions in this text. Also note that the information in this document is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as a commitment by GIGABYTE.

## Our Commitment to Preserving the Environment

In addition to high-efficiency performance, all GIGABYTE motherboards fulfill European Union regulations for RoHS (Restriction of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment) and WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) environmental directives, as well as most major worldwide safety requirements. To prevent releases of harmful substances into the environment and to maximize the use of our natural resources, GIGABYTE provides the following information on how you can responsibly recycle or reuse most of the materials in your "end of life" product.

## Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE products have not intended to add and safe from hazardous substances (Cd, Pb, Hg, Cr+6, PBDE and PBB). The parts and components have been carefully selected to meet RoHS requirement. Moreover, we at GIGABYTE are continuing our efforts to develop products that do not use internationally banned toxic chemicals.

## Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive Statement

GIGABYTE will fulfill the national laws as interpreted from the 2002/96/EC WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) directive. The WEEE Directive specifies the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal of electric and electronic devices and their components. Under the Directive, used equipment must be marked, collected separately, and disposed of properly.

# WEEE Symbol Statement



The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, the device should be taken to the waste collection centers for activation of the treatment, collection, recycling and disposal procedure. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment.

For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local government office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product for details of environmentally safe recycling.

- When your electrical or electronic equipment is no longer useful to you, "take it back" to your local or regional waste collection administration for recycling.
- If you need further assistance in recycling, reusing in your "end of life" product, you may contact us at the Customer Care number listed in your product's user's manual and we will be glad to help you with your effort.

Finally, we suggest that you practice other environmentally friendly actions by understanding and using the energy-saving features of this product (where applicable), recycling the inner and outer packaging (including shipping containers) this product was delivered in, and by disposing of or recycling used batteries properly. With your help, we can reduce the amount of natural resources needed to produce electrical and electronic equipment, minimize the use of landfills for the disposal of "end of life" products, and generally improve our quality of life by ensuring that potentially hazardous substances are not released into the environment and are disposed of properly.

# FCC Notice (U.S.A. Only)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- · Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult a dealer or experienced TV/radio technician for help.

# Canada, Industry Canada (IC) Notices / Canada, avis d'Industry Canada (IC)

- This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003 and RSS-210.
- Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.
- Cet appareil numérique de classe B est conforme aux normes canadiennes ICES-003 et RSS-210.
- Son fonctionnement est soumis aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) cet appareil ne doit pas causer d'interférence et (2) cet appareil doit accepter toute interférence, notamment les interférences qui peuvent affecter son fonctionnement.


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# GIGABYTE Global Service System



To submit a technical or non-technical (Sales/Marketing) question, please link to: http://ggts.gigabyte.com.tw Then select your language to enter the system.